The Sydney Morning Herald.

"IN MODERATION PLACING ALL MY GLORY, WHILE TORIES CALL ME WHIG—AND WHIGS A TORY."

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Sydney, Fifteen Shillings per Quarter. Single Numbers, Sixpence. Country, Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence per Quarter. Ten per cent. discount for payment in advance, and ten per cent. added if accounts are allowed to run over six months.

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CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.
For one inch and under, Three Shillings, and One Shilling for every additional inch for each insertion.

The only persons authorised to receive Moneys and Communications on account of the "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" *(except at the Office of Publication, Lower George-street, Sydney) are* MR. WM. BALL *and* MR. ALFRED FAIRFAX, *Collectors, Sydney;* MR. WM. TRESS, *Bathurst;* MR. LABAN WHITE, *Windsor;* MR. HUGH TAYLOR, *Parramatta;* MR. A. W. LARYMORE, *Maitland and Wollombi;* MR. JOHN BROWN, *Campbelltown;* MR. JOHN COLEMAN, *Penrith;* MR. THOMAS W. PALMER, Deputy Postmaster, *Wollongong;* MR. ROBERT CRAIG, Cabinetmaker, *Goulburn;* MR. STEPHEN NUTTER, *Queanbeyan;* MR. THOMAS HOPE, Deputy Postmaster, *Singleton and Jerry's Plains;* MR. WILLIAM PRITCHARD, Deputy Postmaster, *Liverpool,* MR. MICHAEL DOYLE, *Berrima;* MR. ROBERT DAVISON, *for the District of Yass;* MR. THOMAS DOWSE, *Moreton Bay;* MR. JOHN HOULDING, Postmaster, *Raymond Terrace;* MR. PIERCE HEGARTY, *Musclebrook;* MR. HORATIO TOZER, *Port Macquarie;* MR. HENRY ALDERSON, *Clarence River;* MR. J. B. RUNDLE, *Murrurundi;* MR. W. H. MORTIMER, *Port Phillip;* MR. WM. B. RHODES, *Wellington, Port Nicholson and Cook's Straits, New Zealand;* MR. U. B. BARFOOT, *Van Diemen's Land; who are provided with Printed Receipts, with the written signatures of the Proprietors,* "KEMP AND FAIRFAX," *who hereby give Notice that no other will be acknowledged.*

The "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" *is Published every Morning (Sundays excepted); and the Quarters end the 31st March, 30th June, 30th September, and 31st December; at which periods* ONLY *can Subscribers decline by giving Notice, and paying the amount due to the end of the Current Quarter.* ADVERTISEMENTS *must specify on the face of them the number of times they are intended to be inserted, or they will be continued till countermanded, and charged to the party. No Advertisements can be withdrawn after Eleven o'clock, a. m., but new ones will be received until Nine o'clock in the Evening. No verbal communications can be attended to, and all letters must be post-paid, or they will not be taken in.*

PARRAMATTA STEAMERS.

ON and after Monday, the 30th instant, (and during the winter months) the above packets will start as follows:—

From Parramatta, at 8 and 11 A.M., and 4 P.M.
From Sydney, at 9 A.M., 12 noon, and 4 P.M.
Kellick's Wharf, March 18. 4674

"CORNUBIA" STEAMER.
FROM KELLICK'S WHARF,

EVERY MONDAY and THURSDAY at 8 P.M., And Anlaby's, Morpeth, every Wednesday and Saturday at 8 A.M.

CABIN, 4s. STEERAGE, 2s.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.
FOR THE HUNTER.

THE *ROSE*, will sail THIS DAY, *(and every Wednesday and Saturday)* at ten o'clock P.M.
JAMES PATERSON, Secretary.
Hunter River Wharf, April 25. 3357

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE fine packet schooner *Martha and Elizabeth*, Captain Pockley, sails on Tuesday, 28th instant. For freight or passage, having excellent accommodation, apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf, or to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER.
Packet Office, 468, George-street. 6327

FOR LAUNCESTON DIRECT.

THE fine new schooner *JOHN*, 70 tons burthen, H. J. Winstone, Commander, will leave the Wharf for the above port on Tuesday next. For freight or passage apply on board, at Dalgarno's Wharf.
April 24. 6575

FOR HOBART TOWN.

THE well-known packet brigantine, *WATERLILY*, 155 tons register, John Hayle, commander.
This vessel will meet with her usual despatch. For freight or passage apply to
JOHN MACNAMARA,
Hobart Town Packet Office.
6500 Queen-street.

FOR AUCKLAND DIRECT,

THE PACKET-BRIG *MAUKIN*, 145 tons, Captain Pringle. This vessel is expected to arrive in a few days, and her cargo being nearly all engaged, will meet with quick despatch.
For freight or passage apply to
WILLIAM WRIGHT,
6595 Morris-place, Lower Fort-street.

FOR ADELAIDE DIRECT.

THE SCHOONER *COQUETTE*, 72 tons, Captain Whitfield, under engagement to sail in ten days.
For freight or passage apply to
J. L. MONTEFIORE AND CO.,
or to
R. T. FORD,
10, Bridge street.
April 25. 6593

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE TO LONDON.

THE first-class BARQUE *SYDNEY*, 367 tons register, has room for 50 bales wool, and two Cabin Passengers, and will sail on 30th instant.
For freight or passage, apply to
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER;
or to
LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO. 6617

FOR LONDON.
FOR LIGHT FREIGHT ONLY.

THE fine first-class Barque *PERSEVERANCE*, 237 tons, R. B. Corkhill, commander, has room only for 300 bales wool, and will sail on or about the 15th May. For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board; to
LAMB AND PARBURY; or,
J. B. METCALFE.
April 23. 6476

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE fine, fast-sailing Barque *POSTHUMOUS*, Captain Marshall.
This vessel presents a desirable opportunity for cabin, intermediate, or steerage passengers, being 7 feet between decks.
For freight or passage apply to
GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO.,
or
J. L. MONTEFIORE AND CO.,
6461 Spring-street.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

THE Ship *General Hewitt*, 961 tons O.M., John Hart, Commander, will be despatched the last week in April. For Passage—either cabin, intermediate, or steerage, apply to the Commander, on board; or, to
J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO.
This vessel carries an experienced surgeon.

FOR LONDON.

THE fast-sailing, first-class Barque *ST. GEORGE*, 389 tons register, Captain T. R. Hernaman, is now ready to receive cargo, and will have quick despatch. For freight or passage apply to
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
Lower George-street.
Sydney, April 17. 6247

FOR LONDON DIRECT,
HAVING ALL HER DEAD WEIGHT ON BOARD.

THE fine fast-sailing, A 1 ship *SULTANA*, 374 tons register, R. Langford, master. Has room for about 200 bales of wool. For freight or passage apply to the master, on board; or to
CAMPBELL AND CO.
Campbell's Wharf, April 15. 6099

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE British-built Barque *HONDURAS*, A 1 393 tons register, H. C. Cayzer, commander; she will be ready to proceed to sea in fourteen days. Apply to Captain Cayzer on board, at Campbell's Wharf; or to
FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.
Hunter-street, April 23. 6478

STEAM NAVIGATION.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the parties favourable to the intended Steam Navigation from England to Australia, will be held at the Rooms of Mr. S. Lyons, on Tuesday next, the 28th April, at three o'clock in the afternoon, in order to receive the Report of the Committee appointed at the last meeting, and to adopt measures for promoting the establishment of steam communication with England.
By order of the Committee,
A. ROSS,
6618 Hon. Secretary.

NOTICE.
Penrith District Council,
April 20, 1846.

A MEETING of the Electors of this Corporate District will be held at the Court House, Penrith, at noon, on Tuesday, the 5th day of May next, under the provisions of the 8th and 17th clauses of the Charter of Incorporation, for the purpose of nominating and electing *four* qualified persons as members of the District Council.
W. GIBBES,
6603 Warden.

LEICHHARDT'S TESTIMONIAL.

AT a Meeting of the General Committee, held on Tuesday, the 30th of March, 1846, it was resolved—

"That the following Gentlemen, being members of the Committee, should be authorised to solicit and receive subscriptions towards the above object:—
The Right Worshipful the Mayor
Sir Evan Mackenzie, Bart.
W. C. Wentworth, M.C.
J. P. Robinson, M.C.
Doctor Lang, M.C.
Alderman Allen, M.C.
Charles Nicholson, M. C.
Captain Moriarty, R.N.
John Gilchrist
Samuel Lyons
Robert Graham
R. Porter
Edward Courtnay
W. Beames
Thomas Barker
Charles Kemp
William Walker
Michael Metcalfe
R. M. Robey
C. D. Logan
T. W. Smart
H. Armitage
James Sea
G. C. Turner
Robert Bourne
Dr. Macfarlane
W. H. Aldis
George Crawley
W. F. De Salis
Moses Joseph
E. H. Statham
Rev. R. Mansfield
Rev. Dr. Ross."
R. GRAHAM,
Hon. Sec. and Treasurer.
Sydney, April 1. 5450

DR. LEICHHARDT'S PROFILE,
BY RODIUS,

MAY be obtained at the following places—Mr. Colman, Mr. Ford, Booksellers, George-street; Mr. Kern, Stationer, Hunter-street; and W. H. Aldis, George-street.
PRICE TWO SHILLINGS. 6594

210, ELIZABETH-STREET NORTH.

TEETH.—MR. T. S. HALL, *Surgeon Dentist*, continues to supply the deficiences occasioned by caries and other causes in so natural a manner as to defy the strictest scrutiny. All cases undertaken by Mr. Hall are guaranteed to answer the purposes of mastication and articulation, and in no case is payment required unless the patient is perfectly satisfied.
N.B.—No charge made for repairs for twelve months after the work is finished.

	£	s.	d.
Extraction	0	2	6
Ditto to the poorer classes	0	1	0
Stopping	0	7	6
Scaling and cleaning	0	10	0
A single artificial tooth	0	10	0
A whole set	10	10	0

6626

452 GEORGE-STREET. 452
NEAR THE POST-OFFICE.

TEETH.—MR. J. EMANUEL, Examined Surgical and Mechanical Dentist, Member of the College of Surgeons of Holland, continues to invite attention to his beautiful and unequalled method of fixing the newly discovered artificial silecious teeth, which never change colour, break, or decay, and defy detection. His method is simple, and success so certain that he will readily undertake any case wherein others have failed. Guaranteed to answer mastication and articulation. Teeth extracted, stopped, and cleansed.
☛ Mr. E.'s charges are strictly moderate to meet the means of all classes.
Instantaneous relief for the tooth-ache sold in bottles at 2s. 6d., and 5s. per bottle.
Observe—Private door of Mr. Peek, Grocer.
9128

SURGEON-DENTIST.

MR. BELISARIO, Spring-street, can be consulted daily on all diseases of the Teeth, Gums, &c.
Every description of Artificial Teeth prepared on the most approved principle. Terms moderate. 6982

HERNIA.

MR. HUGHES, Surgical Machinist and Truss-maker, from London, begs to inform the public, that his much improved Trusses have received the approbation of the Medical Profession, and also his instruments to relieve *children* suffering from weakness of limbs, or spinal complaints. Elastic laced *stockings*, knee caps, suspensories, belts, and *other* bandages. An improved abdominal supporter for prolapsus uteri.
Crane's buildings, Hunter-street, two doors from Castlereagh-street. 6603

EDWARDS AND CO.,
No. 595, LOWER GEORGE-STREET,
PLUMBERS, GLAZIERS, AND PAINTERS,

BEG leave to inform the public that, having purchased the remaining portion of the stock in-trade of J. Burton (late W. Robinson), Plumber, Lower George-street, they are enabled to supply force and lift pumps, water closets, beer engines, and spirit fountains, on the most reasonable terms; and that every exertion shall be used by them to give entire satisfaction to those parties who may favour them with their orders.
N.B.—Licensed Plumbers to the City Water Works. 6635

DAGUERREOTYPE.
321, CASTLEREAGH-STREET, NEAR KING-STREET, AND ADJOINING MR. JOHNSON'S REGISTRY OFFICE.

MR. G. B. GOODMAN has commenced taking likenesses at the above premises, under an entirely new process, in which he places his sitters in drawing-rooms, libraries, gardens, &c., &c., and in order to bring within the picture the extensive range of back ground now required, he has had his plates considerably enlarged, but will continue to limit his price to One Guinea.
Mr. G. B. Goodman devotes the Saturdays of every week to taking buildings, views, &c., &c., and particularly invites the proprietors of houses and others, to inspect his photographic copies of colonial architecture.
Hours of attendance from 9 to 12 A.M., and 2 to 5 P.M. 6009

THOMAS KEIGHTLY, Watch and Clock Maker, takes this opportunity of informing his customers and the public generally, that he has removed his business from Wainwright's-buildings, King-street West, where he has been established six years, to more eligible premises in George street, opposite the Police Office, and two doors south of the London Tavern, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, and executing all commands entrusted to his care in an efficient and workmanlike manner, still to merit and enjoy that share of the public patronage so long conferred upon him, and for which he begs to return his sincere and humble thanks.
346, George-street,
Opposite the Police Office. 6411

SPECTACLE MANUFACTORY,
No. 87, KING-STREET EAST,
(Old Savings' Bank.)
FLAVELLE AND BRUSH,
OPTICIANS, WATCHMAKERS, AND WORKING JEWELLERS,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they continue to manufacture Spectacles in gold, silver, tortoiseshell, and steel, and from their long experience in the various branches of optics, they can with confidence offer their services in suiting glasses to every description of defective vision.
Parties favouring F. and B. with WATCHES to repair will find that they will be done in such workmanlike manner as to ensure satisfaction, otherwise no charge will be made.
F. and B. undertake to manufacture any fancy articles (in gold, silver, or tortoiseshell) such as are not to be procured ready-made in Sydney. 6619

AUSTRALIAN CABINET AND UPHOLSTERY WAREHOUSE,
No. 579, LOWER GEORGE-STREET,
Opposite the Herald Office.

WILLIAM BRADY, who for many years carried on the above business in Pitt-street, Sydney, opposite Messrs. Bourne and Co.'s, and who retired from the same in 1840, in favour of Messrs. Brady and Riley, begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has recommenced the business of a cabinetmaker and upholsterer, at the above address, where he trusts, from the very great patronage he received when formerly in business, he may now expect a share of their support.
W. B. having for the last two years had it in contemplation to again commence business, has been enabled to purchase a large quantity of goods suited for his business which, together with a large quantity of seasoned timber, will enable him to manufacture the best articles of furniture at a lower price than any other house in town.
W. B. begs to remind his country friends of his peculiar method of packing furniture of every description, warranted to go to any part of the colony free from damage.
W. B. will always have a large stock of furniture on hand, having converted the whole of his premises into show rooms.
April 24. 6587

RODGERS AND BULLER,
MILLWRIGHTS AND ENGINEERS,
Near the Gas Works, Kent-street,

BEG leave to intimate to the public, that in consequence of the many inquiries respecting that new and improved apparatus for boring ARTESIAN WELLS, &c., several sets may be seen at their works during the remainder of this month.
N. B. Every description of Steam Engines and Boilers, Mill-work, and Machinery, made and repaired on the shortest notice.
6521

JOHN POPJOY AND CO.,
No. 205, CASTLEREAGH-STREET, SYDNEY.

RESPECTFULLY acquaint the public that they have carts and drays for the purpose of removing furniture, night soil, or any other obnoxious rubbish, &c., &c., &c.
J. P. superintends the performance of all night work with which he may be favoured, and everything will be left as found with regard to cleanliness and fixtures.
6419

IMPORTANT
TO THOSE ABOUT TO COMMENCE HOUSE-KEEPING.

THE largest and best stock of Furniture in this city will be found at the Warehouse of John Hill, Jun., in Elizabeth-street North, (late Roberts), and also at his well known Cabinet Warerooms, King-street, where every article in the line will be found of the very best description, and at the lowest prices in the colony.
N. B.—Funerals furnished at unusually low charges, and Spring Vans constantly on hire. 8312

MRS. CHICK, FURRIER, in acknowledging the kind patronage of those ladies who have entrusted their Furs and Plumes to her care, during the short time she has been in the colony, respectfully acquaints them that her present residence is at Mr. Alexander's, Saddler, Park-street, next door to Mr. Foss's, Chemist.
Mrs. Chick further reiterates her assurance that, having had ten years' practical experience in the business, furs of the most delicate texture may be safely entrusted to her care.
Muffs, boas, cardinals, &c., cleaned and repaired. Feathers cleaned, dyed, and tastefully curled. Raw skins dressed and made up. 6577

WINTER MILLINERY.

MRS. SKERRITT wishes to acquaint the ladies of Sydney and its vicinity, that she has ready for inspection a variety of Silk, Satin, and Velvet Bonnets, suitable for the approaching season. Also, Morning, Dress, and Widows' Caps.
N. B.—Every description of millinery made to order on the most reasonable terms.
76, Pitt-street South,
Near Liverpool-street, Sydney.
April 24. 6591

NOW LANDED, EX "ST. VINCENT," AND ON SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED.

VELVET and drawn Silk Bonnets
Head dressed
Dress caps
Gold and silver lace
Long white kid gloves
Fancy ribbons
French stays, from 12s. to 40s. a pair
Fancy trimmings, in great variety.
MADAME V. PROTOIS,
(From Paris,)
6634 282, Pitt-street.

SLOPS! SLOPS!! SLOPS!!!
IMPORTANT NOTICE.
TO SETTLERS, STOREKEEPERS, AND THE PUBLIC AT LARGE.

DAVID JONES AND CO., encouraged by the unparalleled increase which has taken place in every branch of their business during the last six months, beg to inform their numerous friends and connexions, that no effort on their part shall be wanting to deserve their continued confidence and support. With a view to this end, they have just effected several large purchases of Slops and general Drapery Goods (on the most advantageous terms), which, in addition to their already unrivalled stock, they are prepared to offer at such a reduced scale of profits, as enables them to defy the competition of any house whatever.
The public will see the impossibility of giving, in an advertisement, a list of even a tithe of the numerous articles, embraced in a stock at all times exceeding one-fourth of the imports of the colony. A few, however, of the leading articles required by Settlers and Storekeepers are enumerated, which Messrs. D. Jones and Co. are prepared to offer at prices hitherto unprecedented.

BLANKETS.
Blankets, bush and army, from 6s. 6d. per pair
Ditto, Bury and cloth Witney
Ditto, real Witney, for family use
Rugs, 8-4, 9-4, 10-4, and 11-4, from 2s. 6d.
Counterpanes, 8 4, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4
White ditto, 8-4, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4
Ditto imperial ditto, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4, and 13-4
Quilts, 6-8, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4
Ditto summer ditto, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4, and 13-4

SHIRTS.
Striped shirts, 12s. to 21s.
Ditto ditto, *made to order*, 22s. 6d.
Regatta ditto, to 21s.
Ditto ditto, extra stout and large, 24s.
Ditto ditto, full fronts and strapped, 28s.
Royal Thames ditto, full fashioned, 42s
White ditto, linen fronts, collars, &c., 30s. to 66s.
Ditto ditto, made to order, 84s.
Scotch twilled ditto, 25s. to 28s.
Ditto ditto, *very stout and made to order*, 30s.
Baize shirts, red and blue
Serge ditto, red and blue
Royal ditto, red and blue.

COATS.
Coats, shepherds
Ditto, stockmen's, 12s. 6d. and upward
Ditto, pilots
Ditto, Brighton beaver
Ditto, ditto, quilted ditto
Ditto tweed, 8s. 6d., and upwards
Ditto cantoons
Ditto gambroons, 9s. and upwards
Ditto monkey and pea
Ditto buckskin Chesterfields
Ditto ditto double seamed ditto
Ditto fancy doeskin shooting ditto

TROUSERS.
15,000 Pairs moleskin trousers, 33s. to 72s.
5,000 Ditto ditto extra stout, and double stitched and strapped
Trousers, drab corduroy
Ditto, ditto woollen cord
Ditto, blue and drab flushing
Ditto, blue pilot
Ditto, superfine blue cloth
Ditto, doe and buckskin
Ditto, duck and canvass

VESTS.
Vests, silk plush
Ditto ditto ditto, with sleeves
Ditto swansdown
Ditto ditto, with sleeves
Ditto tweed
Ditto ditto double breasted
Ditto cachmere, black, buff, and white
Ditto satin, black and coloured
Ditto Valencia and Cachemerette
Ditto quilting, white and fancy.

JACKETS.
Jackets, superfine blue cloth
Ditto pilot ditto
Ditto drab moleskin
Ditto millers' ditto
Ditto white ditto
Ditto cord
Ditto jean
Ditto drill and dv
Stockmen's boots
Cabbage-tree hats
Duck frocks
Guernsey frocks
Yarn ditto
Lambswool vests and drawers
Worsted ditto
Merino ditto and drawers
Royal ribbed ditto
Flannel ditto and drawers
Jim Crow and wide-awake hats
Scotch and Kilmarnock caps
Scarlet caps and comforters
Macintosh and boat cloaks
Drab, doe, and buckskin gloves
Riding belts
&c., &c., &c.

The proprietors of this establishment beg to inform such of their friends and customers as have not an opportunity of visiting Sydney, that their stock of General Drapery Goods has lately been increased to double its usual amount, and at present embraces every article required both for use and ornament.

THEIR STOCK OF
SHIRTING, LONGCLOTHS, 7-8 AND 4-4 IRISH LINENS AND DIAPERS, HUCKABACKS, 5-4, 6 4 AND 10-4 COTTON AND LINEN SHEETINGS, TABLE DIAPERS AND DAMASKS
DOUBLE DAMASK CLOTHS AND NAPKINS
DAMASK AND EMBOSSED TABLE COVERS
DAMASK AND PRINTED FURNITURES
FRENCH AND ENGLISH MERINOES
PLAID CACHEMERES, GALA PLAIDS
ALPACA LUSTRES, ORLEANS CLOTHS
CLOUDED ALPACAS AND MERINOES
CHECKED D'ETE, CHECKED CHALLI
SILKS, SATINS, AND VELVETS
BRITISH AND FOREIGN SHAWLS
TARTAN AND FANCY PLAID SHAWLS
SATIN, MORIE, AND VELVET SCARFS
SATIN, MORIE, AND VELVET CARDINALS
PLAID, CACHEMERE, AND NEAPOLITAN CLOAKS
BONNETS, RIBBONS, GLOVES, LACE
PARASOLS, FLOWERS, &C.
WILL BE FOUND IN EXTENT, VARIETY, ELEGANCE, AND CHEAPNESS
UNAPPROACHED IN NEW SOUTH WALES
George-street, March 28. 5321

TO TAKE PLACE POSITIVELY
ON THE
1st OF JULY, 1846.
ONLY TEN WEEKS
before the
GREAT SALE.

NO time should therefore be lost in order to prevent the stock of the Bee Hive being
SOLD BY
PUBLIC AUCTION,
where goods must of necessity realise much higher prices than they are at present offered for both to wholesale and retail buyers.
The Inhabitants of
SYDNEY
PARRAMATTA
LIVERPOOL
GOULBURN
WINDSOR
RICHMOND
PENRITH
BATHURST
MOLONG
MUDGEE
CAMPBELLTOWN
WOLLONGONG
KIAMA
CAMDEN
PICTON
BERRIMA
BUNGENDORE
QUEANBEYAN
YASS
NEWCASTLE
RAYMOND TERRACE
MORPETH
EAST AND WEST MAITLAND
SCONE
DARLING DOWNS
PORT MACQUARIE
BRISBANE
MORETON BAY
CLARENCE RIVER
and all the adjacent townships should bear in mind, that it will be a saving to them of many pounds a year, to purchase
DRAPERY, SLOPS,
and
CLOTHING,
AT THIS
WELL-KNOWN
AND
JUSTLY CELEBRATED ESTABLISHMENT.

The proprietors of which are determined to spare no exertions to give even greater satisfaction than hitherto evinced, which they feel proud to say has been far beyond their most sanguine expectations, they flatter themselves that customers will find many very superior articles in general drapery goods of quite a new style and description, suitable for ladies' dresses in this colony. But as it would take too long a time and too much space to enumerate all their stock, they only offer a short list, and invite inspection to their splendid and unrivalled assortment of goods on hand at the
BEE HIVE.
Plain and Fancy Gros de Naples, satinettes, satins, &c., every class
Shawls, cachemere, Norwich, silk, and satin
Turnovers, ditto, ditto, ditto
Scarfs, in endless variety
Black lace veils, scarfs and cardinals
MOUSSELINES DE LAINE—A very large consignment of these goods have been lately received, comprising—
800 *Dresses*, at 3s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 5s., 5s. 9d., 6s., and 6s. 9d.
The original invoice cost of these dresses was from 7s. 6d. to 12s.
Only a few remaining of the much prized
6-4 FRENCH POPLINS,
the greatest bargain ever offered in this part of the world, to be sold at 17½d. per yard—the cost price from the manufacturer being 2s.3d. per yard: ladies will find 5½ or 6 yards sufficient for a full dress. Those amongst the Australian public who have visited the celebrated SWAN and EDGAR'S, of Regent street and Piccadilly, London, lately, will recollect these beautiful TARTAN STYLES, at 2s. 9d. a yard; the texture is so suitable to this colony that no delay should occur in purchasing them.
ORLEANS CLOTHS at 8½d., 9½d., 10½d., 11½d., and 14d. These goods are remarkably cheap, and are the same qualities as those sold during the past week at auction from 11d. to 16d.
ALPACA CLOTHS at 2s., 2s. 3d., 2s. 6d., 2s. 9d., 3s., 3s. 3d., manufactured from the *genuine Alpaca wool*, so much prized at home, and patronised by the QUEEN OF ENGLAND; they have been purchased by Mr. Newton, of London, direct from the manufacturers, for our own trade, and will be found really superior goods.
One case of
TARTAN ALPACA CLOTHS,
quite a new article, and the only lot imported 6-4 wide, and to be sold at 1s. 8½d. per yard, really beautiful goods.
RIBBONS.
Gauze ribbons, from 1½d. per yard
Bonnet ditto, from 1½d. per yard.
4820 YARDS
PLAIN LUTESTRING RIBBONS, OF THE RICHEST QUALITY.
20D WIDTH, 24D ", 30D " } ALL AT 8D. PER YARD.
The manufacturers price being 10d., 12d., and 15d.
BONNETS, in Tuscan, Leghorn, and Dunstable.
PRINTS.
This department is replete with the best and most fashionable styles ever sold in New South Wales,
Commencing at 2s. 11½d. the dress, up to the richest qualities
OSNABOURGS, COTTON AND LINEN CHECKS
Brown drills, at 8½d.
White ditto, at 10½d., worth 18d.
Ditto ditto, at 12d., 14d., 16d., 18d., 21d., 2s.
MILITARY AND RUSSIA DUCKS AND DRILLS
Irish linens and lawns all prices, very cheap
Brown hollands, from 6d. to the finest
Diapers, from 7½d. upwards
Huckabacks, from 7½d. to 14d.
Table damasks, from 18d. to 4s. per yard
HOSIERY.
FANCY HOSIERY.
SMALL WARE AND HABERDASHERY.
Sewing cotton, hooks and eyes, needles, pins, tapes, darning cotton, embroidery cotton, thimbles, stay and boot laces, bonnet thread, linen thread—in fact, all the nicnacs in the trade.
WOOLLEN ROOM
Contains every class of Yorkshire and West of England cloths, of the very best makes, colours, and qualities, at prices unrivalled in the world.

TAILORS' TRIMMINGS.
STORE,
THE LARGEST AND MOST COMMODIOUS IN SYDNEY.

Amongst the amazing accumulation of goods in these Stores will be found—
BLANKETS, at 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 6d., 9s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 11s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 13s. 6d., 15s., 16s. 6d., 18s., 21s., 25s., 27s.
Ditto, largest and finest made, 35s.,
Being considerably under what they would realise at auction.
MOLESKIN TROUSERS, AT 35s. PER DOZEN
Ditto ditto, at 3s. 6d., 4s. 6d., and 4s. 11d. per pair
Ditto ditto, very good, at 66s., 72s., and 72s. 6d. per dozen
Striped Shirts, 12s. 6d., 15s. 6d., 16s. 6d., 17s. 6d., 18s. 6d., 19s. 6d., 21s., 22s. 6d.
Regatta ditto, 14s. 6d., 15s. 6d., 17s. 6d., 19s. 6d., 22s. 6d.
Ditto, extra sewn, 26s. and 30s.
Scotch twilled, 25s. to 28s.
Serge shirts, red and blue
Ditto drawers, white.
A GREAT BARGAIN
SHEPHERDS' COATS, at 11s. 6d., 14s. 6d., 16s. 6d., 18s. 6d.
STOCKMEN'S ditto, very superior FEARNAUGHTS, at 20s. each
PEA COATS, a large lot
MONKEY and PEA JACKETS
Stockmen's boots, cabbage-tree hats, duck jackets, frocks and trousers.
Silver's ready-made Clothing is so well known to every gentleman in the colony, no comment is required
Dress Coats, 25s., 30s., 35s.
Frock ditto, 35s., 40s., 45s., 50s.
Trousers—in kerseymere, buckskins, doeskins, tweeds, drills, ducks, gambroons, &c.
Vests—in quilting, Marseilles, cachemere, cachmerettes, black and coloured satins and velvets, cloth, &c.
Tweed Coats, 6s. 9d., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 14s., 21s., 25s., 30s.
White shirts, linen fronts, cuffs, and collars, 2s. 6d., 2s. 11½d., 3s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 5s. 6d., 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 6d.
Gentlemen can have shirts made to their own pattern, by leaving an order.
THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT
still upholds its character for
ECONOMY, STYLE, AND DESPATCH.
CHRISTOPHER NEWTON
6331 AND BROTHER.

WARNER, CARTWRIGHT, AND WARNER'S

PATENT MERINO UNDER-CLOTHING, consisting of—
Ladies' vests and drawers, all sizes
Ladies', maids', and children's hose
Children's white and coloured socks all sizes
Gentlemen's short and long drawers
Ditto vests, of all sizes and qualities
Ditto white and coloured hose and half hose
The above goods have been received direct from the patentees, and are therefore
WARRANTED GENUINE.
Ladies, gentlemen, and families requiring supplies of this superior make of goods for the approaching season, are solicited to inspect the same, of every description, quality, and size, made by the patentees, and at the lowest remunerating per centage upon the manufacturer's prices, at
PITE AND PRESTON'S,
6400 Emporium, 263, Pitt-street.

BONNETS!!!
JUST LANDED FROM THE "ST. GEORGE," (DECEMBER PACKET.)

AT LENEHAN'S, 117, KING-STREET, (LATE HORDERN'S.)

THE Ladies of Sydney and its vicinity are respectfully informed that the following new Goods are now opened, and will be sold at very low prices, viz.:—
4 Cases superfine and middling Tuscan bonnets (all sizes)
4 Cases superfine and middling Dunstable bonnets, all sizes
4 Cases superfine and middling whole Dunstable bonnets, all sizes
1 Case elegant cordonet fancy bonnets, just the winter fashion in London when the ship sailed
1 Case coloured Manila bonnets, also dark colours for winter wear.
April 15. 6174

SUPERIOR HATS.
JUST LANDED, PER "ST. GEORGE."

FIRST QUALITY London Beaver, and French velvet silk hats, of the latest fashion, and very superior manufacture; also, ladies' fashionable riding hats.
The best assortment in the colony of lambs wool and cheap beaver hats.
Wholesale orders for country stores executed with immediate despatch, on the most advantageous terms, only to be had at
UTHER'S,
274, Pitt-street,
5945 Next door to the Bee Hive.

OIL CLOTHS.
FOR SALE AT THE AUSTRALIAN CABINET AND UPHOLSTERY WAREHOUSE,
579, *Lower George-street*,
OPPOSITE THE "HERALD" OFFICE,

OIL CLOTHS, from 24 feet to 70 feet wide, of the best description. Also, yard wide, for halls and passages.
Stair cloths, and very handsome for counters, ¾ wide
At very low prices.
W. BRADY,
579, Lower George-street,
6688 Opposite the *Herald* Office.

CHINA MATTING,

WHITE and Coloured, in various patterns, of very superior quality, on sale at
A. LENEHAN'S,
Upholstery and Floorcloth Warehouse,
271, Castlereagh-street.
Spring Vans on hire for the removal of furniture, pianos, &c. 6576

TO CABINETMAKERS AND OTHERS.

FOR SALE by the undersigned, Hair Cloths, from 19 to 26 inches wide,—curled horse (English) chair *web*, &c.
W. BRADY,
579, Lower George-street,
6589 Opposite the *Herald* Office.

UPHOLSTERERS, COACHMAKERS, &c.,

CAN be supplied with Morocco and Roan Leathers, satin hair seating of all widths, from 16 to 27 inch, and an extensive variety of furniture trimmings, at reduced prices, on sale at
A. LENEHAN'S,
Upholstery Establishment,
271, Castlereagh-street
April 22. 6517

JUST LANDED,
EX "HONDURAS."

TWENTY PACKAGES selected Drapery Goods, just landed, ex *Honduras*, will be offered for sale by private contract, this morning, at 9 o'clock.
R. FAWCETT,
Commission Agent and Auctioneer.
481, George-street, April 24. 6578

AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT of
Bronzed, black, and green fenders
Ditto ditto and bright register stoves
Half register, Romford, basket, and wood stoves
Kent, Colony, and Sussex grates
Kitchen grates and ranges
Ditto fenders and fire-irons
On view at
T. WOOLLEY'S
Show Rooms,
432, George-street.
April 20. 6101

MEMEL DEALS.

FOR SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED—
11 x 3—21 feet long
9 x 3—from 14 to 20 ditto
WILLIAM BEAUMONT,
Builder,
6376 221, Castlereagh-street.

FOR SALE.

12,000 COUNTESS SLATES with copper nails. Apply to Mr. George Grimes, No. 3, Grimes-buildings, Argyle-street West. 6452

MANILA CIGARS.

THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND (300,000) of 4 a superior, ex *Giraffe*, in and out of bond, on sale.
ROBERT PORTER,
6586 City Tea Exchange.

WALTHALL'S COLONIAL NEGRO-HEAD,
1s. 1d. PER POUND BY THE KEG.

AT DIXSON'S TOBACCO ESTABLISHMENT,
540, George-street. 6262

NEGROHEAD TOBACCO,

A. BENHAM begs to call the attention of COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS, SETTLERS, and OTHERS, to a very splendid sample of small fig Negrohead Tobacco, which he will sell by the keg, at 2s. 10d. per lb.
The above is as delightful to smoke as the very best Barratt's Twist.
ALSO,
A very fine sample of Colonial Tobacco.
394, George-street, April 25. 6584

ON SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED,

THIRTY-FIVE quarter-casks Sherry
Fifteen octaves ditto
JOHN G. COHEN,
Auctioneer,
490, George-street,
6338 Near Hunter-street.

ON SALE at the Stores of the Undersigned—
Hunt's port wine in wood and bottle
Thirty-one cases, each 3 dozen very superior old port
Twenty-one quarter-casks port, ex *Ianthe* from New York
Sherry of various qualities in hogsheads, quarter-casks, and in bottle
Twenty cases pale sherry, a very superior article, and strongly recommended to connoisseurs
Marsala in quarter-casks, ex *Sultana*, from Liverpool
Pale brandy, in 1 dozen cases
English bottled ale and porter
Allsop's ale, in hogsheads
Case gin, in and out of bond
DOWSLEY AND FOOT,
6486 314, Pitt-street.

BOTTLED ALE AND PORTER, of superior description, on sale, cheap, at
S. ELLIOTT'S,
6592 Charlotte-place.

WHITE GIN.

THE undersigned has on sale, HOLLANDS GIN, IN WOOD, perfectly colourless and well flavoured.
H. MACDERMOTT.
April 24. 6597

PAGE'S PORT.
EX "HONDURAS."

200 CASES of this delicious Wine has been just landed, and on sale at the Stores of
EDWARD CAMPBELL AND CO.,
6619 413, George-street.

COMFITS, LOZENGES, &c.

T. CHALDER begs to inform country storekeepers that they may obtain their supplies, as usual, on advantageous terms, from the old established manufactory, No. 16, Hunter-street, near Bligh-street.
N. B.—Always on hand, Jams, Jellies, Marmalades, and Pickles, in small packages, to suit the trade. 6081

CHOCOLATE AND ROCK COCOA of superior quality. Fine new prunes, French plums, Turkey figs, (in small drums) dried apples, Barcelona and cashew nuts, Chinese preserves, in small jars, pearl sago, fine ground rice, fresh oatmeal, hemp and canary seed. Mace (finest imported), good ginger, cheap, by the bag; cream of tartar, carbonate soda, herring and anchovy paste, &c., &c.
R. KEBBY.
Grocery Warehouse,
79, Market-street East.
April 25. 6622

ON SALE, AT THE STORES OF
E. COHEN AND CO.,
WHOLESALE GENERAL GROCERS,
CORNER OF GEORGE AND HUNTER STREETS,

THE following articles, at prices that defy competition:—
Green teas, ex *Alfred, Peruvian, Maid of Athens, Anita*
Black teas, congous
Superior catty boxes souchong, &c.
Loaf, crust, and moist sugar (in sound and dry mats)
Patna rice, raw coffee
Cod sounds, in kegs
Colonial and Liverpool soap
Liverpool, St. Ube's, and rock salt
Washing soda, in 2 cwt. casks, 24s. each
Pickles, mustards, curry powder, castor oil
Sail twine
Dates, the finest lot ever imported
A few boxes of very fine bloom raisins, at 7d. per lb.
Superior negrohead tobacco
Three-bushel bags, &c., &c., &c.
E. C. and Co., warrant all goods sold by them to be perfectly sound.
N.B.—*No business transacted at the above establishment on Saturdays.* 6267

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

DEPARTURES.

April 24.—*Midlothian*, barque, Captain Morrison, for London. Passengers.—Mr. and Mrs. Notman, Rev. Mr. Schmidt, Mrs. Schmidt, Mr. Guyton, Mr. Robertson, Mr. J. M'Leay, Mr. Gunor, Mr. R. Bowman, Mr. and Mrs. Smibert and four children, Mr. and Mrs. Henderson and two children, Mr. John Napier, Mr. F. Morrison, Mr. J. F. Williams, and Mr. Lewis.

April 24.—*Mary*, barque, Captain Levens, for Auckland, *via* Twofold Bay. Passengers—Mr. Williams.

April 24.—*Constant*, barque, Captain Hemery, for Hongkong. Passengers—Mrs. Hemery, child, and servant.

COASTERS INWARDS.

April 24.—*Kangaroo*, steamer, 52, Sullivan, from Wollongong, with 80 bags wheat, 10 pigs, 27 kegs butter, 3 bundles and 1 case luggage; *Gipsy*, 32, Evans, from Broulee, with 33 tons potatoes, 2 kegs butter.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

April 24.—*Kangaroo*, steamer, 52, Sullivan, for Wollongong, with sundries; *Jane Williams*, 33, Martin, for the Paterson, with sundries.

CLEARANCES.

April 24.—*Theresa*, barque, Captain Bacon, for Guam.

April 24.—*Australia*, ship, Captain Blanchard, for Guam.

April 24.—*Alfred*, brig, Captain Napper, for Port Nicholson. Passengers—Mr. T. Boulton, and a stockman.

IMPORTS.

April 23.—*Triad*, barque, 385 tons, Capt. Lyell, from Hobart Town: Cargo from Hobart Town for Sydney—9 hogsheads and 25 quarter-casks brandy, 1419 pieces timber, 124 tierces hay, 82 bags oats, 54 bags onions, 50 tons potatoes, James Cook; 16 bags potatoes, 2 cases drapery, J. S. Willis; 240 bags potatoes, W. Dean; 1384 staves, F. W. Clarke; 1 bag grass seeds, S. Wilkinson, junior; 15 baskets apples, A. Lyell. Cargo shipped at Hobart Town for London—196 casks black oil, 14 bales wool, 12 casks sperm oil, 98 bundles whalebone, 2 cases paintings, 16 casks tallow, order.

April 24.—*Sussex*, whaling barque, 361 tons, Captain Henderson, from the Whaling Grounds. 350 barrels sperm oil, order.

April 24.—*Marian Watson*, schooner, 146 tons, Captain Richards, from the South Sea Islands: 6 tierces tobacco, 1 ton hoop-iron, 4 casks hardware, 1 organ, order.

April 24.—*Palmyra*, brig, 145 tons, Captain Lindsay, from Adelaide; 150 tons copper ore, 14 trusses hay, 3 cases haberdashery, 2 kegs butter, 1 case eau de Cologne, 1 ton metal sheathing, 1 keg composition nails, order.

April 24.—*Ocean*, American ship, 350 tons, Captain Almy, from the Whale Fishery: 350 barrels sperm oil, 150 barrels black oil, 1200 lbs. whalebone.

VESSELS LAID ON FOR LONDON.

SATURDAY, APRIL 25.

Persian, ship, 598 tons, Mallard. Full ship.

Perseverance, barque, 237 tons, Corkhill; 570 hides, 32 casks tallow, 70 tons copper ore, 20 tons lead ore, 11 tuns sperm oil, 63 logs cedar, 139 bales wool, and 11 tons wheat, on board.

General Hewitt, ship, 961 tons, Hart; 180 tuns sperm oil, 60 casks tallow, 283 bundles whalebone, 400 bales wool, 10 packages sandal wood, 20 tuns black oil, 30 black butt planks, 6 cases curiosities, 310 bags ground bones, 80 bundles Malacca canes, 2 tons shank bones, 3440 horns, 1 cask tortoiseshell, and 200 hides, on board.

Sultana, barque, 354 tons, Langford; 60 tons copper ore, 30 tuns black oil, 656 bales wool, 1500 hides, 64 bundles whalebone, 40 tuns sperm oil, 20 casks salted hides, 25 tons bones, 2 cases sundries, 333 bags gum, 1800 sheepskins, and 62 casks tallow, on board.

Posthumous, barque, 400 tons, Marshall; 70 tuns sperm oil, 25 tons bones, 80 tons copper ore, 20 tons Kowrie gum, 600 bales wool, 1000 horns, 3 tons leather, 2500 hides, and 12 casks tallow, on board.

Palestine, barque, 359 tons, Lidderdale; 25 tuns sperm oil, 37 casks tallow, 160 tons copper ore, 109 bales wool, and 30 logs cedar, on board.

Sydney, barque, 345 tons, White; 1100 bales wool, 15 tons bones, 130 casks tallow, 6 tons old iron, 7 tons bark, and 3006 hides, on board.

St. George, ship, 388 tons, Hernaman; not commenced loading.

Triad, barque, 385 tons, Lyell; 196 casks black oil, 14 bales wool, 12 casks sperm oil, 98 bundles whalebone, 2 cases paintings, and 16 casks tallow, on board.

VESSELS FOR LONDON.—The *Persian* will sail for London this morning, having anchored in Watson's Bay last night. The *Sydney* has bent sails and will leave about the middle of next week.

The schooner *Enterprise*, belonging to Captain Sullivan, has been hove down and coppered at Milne's Wharf.

The *Lloyds* and *Stratheden* will positively sail for Calcutta on the 1st proximo, they will commence shipping horses on Monday next.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TILL NEXT PUBLICATION.

April.		Sun, rises	Sun, sets	High Water morn	High Water even.
25	SATURDAY	6 36	5 24	7 18	7 42
26	SUNDAY	6 37	5 23	8 54	9 18

Moon: New, 25 m. past 2, A.M., April 26.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

THIS EVENING, APRIL 25, 1846,

WILL be presented, (for the third time), the admired Drama, entitled TRIBOULET, THE KING'S JESTER; OR THE BELL OF NOTRE DAME; Francis the First, Mr. Arabin; Count St. Valier, Mr. Griffiths; Triboulet (the King's Jester), Mr. Nesbitt; Cherubin, Mr. J. Howson; Zeppa, Mr. F. Howson; Diana of Poictiers, Mrs. Ximenes; Blanch, Mrs. Stirling; Zerlina, Mrs. Wallace; Dame Perrette, Mrs. Gibbs. To conclude with the Grand Comic Pantomime of ST. GEORGE AND THE DRAGON; OR HARLEQUIN AND THE SEVEN CHAMPIONS OF CHRISTENDOM. Kabyla, Mrs. Stirling; Zontoma, Mrs. Gibbs; the Dragon, Mr. F. Howson; St. George, Mrs. Ximenes; Princess Sabra, Madame Torning; Almidor, Mr. Hambleton; Dewdrop, Mrs. Wallace; Harlequin, Mr. Fitzgerald; Clown, Mr. Torning; Pantaloon, Mr. Riley; Columbine, Madame Torning.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

The letter respecting the Windsor Magistracy has been mislaid, and we have once more to repeat, that we do not undertake to return letters not inserted in the paper.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of his good faith.

THE
Sydney Morning Herald.

SATURDAY, APRIL 26, 1846.

"Sworn to no master, of no sect am I."

THE APPROACHING CRISIS BETWEEN ENGLAND AND AMERICA.

AMONGST well-informed men, there is in England much uneasiness with respect to the question of peace or war. There are several concurrent causes for this disquiet. One is, the remarkable earnestness with which the Government have of late attended to the fortifications along the coast, to the royal arsenals and dockyards, to the improvement of ships of war in all that relates to sailing and fighting power, and, in short, to every thing in any wise connected with the national "munitions of war."

This vigilance and activity, these significant "notes of preparation," have not only attracted the notice, the thoughtful notice, of our own countrymen; they have also arrested the jealous attention of foreign nations, especially that of France. So recently as the 17th of November last, M. CHARLES DUPIN read a long paper to the Academy of Sciences, at Paris, on the measures about to be adopted by the British Government for the protection of its coasts and the improvement of its harbours. Dover, Seaford, and Portland were, by means of gigantic breakwaters and jetties, to be made ports of refuge. "The formidable position of Seaford," observed M. DUPIN, "giving shelter not merely to merchant vessels, but also to ships of the line, *would menace all the French ports from Bologne to Havre.*" He remarks further, that 'this port, by means of the London and Brighton railroad, and a short branch line, is not above two hours distant from the capital.' In the improvement of these three ports, he alleges, it was in contemplation to expend between four and five millions sterling. By 'a series of distances' from each of our great coast fortifications to others, there will be what he calls seven 'centres of protection and aggression.' 'It will be seen,' he says, 'how much the centres of protection and aggression are multiplied as the coast of England becomes nearer to France. From Portsmouth to the port of Harwich, it is proposed to lay out 96 millions of francs in works. There will be five grand centres of protection, capable of receiving five naval armies, and of serving as points of departure for five powerful expeditions of steamers, the most distant of which could reach the coast of France in seven hours, and the nearest in an hour and a half. The *ensemble* of the works will exercise an influence—not to say an empire—*over one hundred and fifty leagues of our coast, from Dunkirk to the bay of St. Malo.*'

Another cause of uneasiness in England was the fact—or what there was good reason for believing to be a fact—that the President of the United States was still so wrong-headed as to be bent on setting the claims of England with regard to Oregon, at open and contemptuous defiance. The *Washington Union* newspaper, understood to be the organ of President POLK, had an article, in the middle of November, which was considered a sort of *avant-coureur* of the forthcoming Presidential Message. And an arrogant, audacious article it is—quite in keeping with the impudent blustering spirit of Mr. POLK's first deliverance on the subject of this great national controversy. That our readers may judge for themselves, we subjoin it.

OREGON.—THE WHOLE OF THE OREGON OR NONE.—This is the only alternative as an issue of territorial right. We wholly deny the break in the American title at latitude 49 deg. We hold that our title from 42 deg. to 54 deg. 40 min. is one title, and, we believe, a perfect title against all the world. As the question has been discussed for a quarter of a century between us and England, we are not aware of one argument—scarcely of one phrase purporting to be an argument—which carries our title up to 49 deg., and there stops. We claim as a matter of right the territory drained by the Columbia river. In the view of the law of nations, this territory being unoccupied, has its distinctive character and unity as one region in the fact that it is so drained; and, as one region we either own it or we do not own it.

Away, then, once for all, with such nonsense as 'the claim of England north of 49 deg. is better than our claim!' Let us at least know clearly, and state accurately, what we do in this matter. If it have ever been deemed expedient (as matter of compromise, and to hush up a dispute) to give away to England a certain portion of that land, all of which we consider ours; or if, from any other motives of high national concernment, it may have been deemed wise to compromise the question of possession, let us say so, and put our past action on that ground. But let us make no attempt to cloak our policy under a pretended inferiority of our title to the land so sacrificed. No such pretence can save us.

Again, we must speak to the Democratic party of the United States. But we dare to hope that many a liberal Whig will feel the force of the appeal which the interests of his country will make to his patriotism in this important question. We especially address ourselves, however, at this time, to the Democratic party, because of the peculiar circumstances which have connected them in past times with the question of Oregon. They became peculiarly connected with it by their public avowals near eighteen months ago. The Baltimore convention expressed the deepest interest in the territory of Oregon. In the canvass of the presidential election, the same decided sentiments were manifested. The President's first prompt, strong, manly word, in full response to that convention, was, 'To the Oregon our right is clear and unquestionable.'

Let that word be spoken again by the man whom millions of freemen have called to occupy the 'great central post of the civilisation of popular power,' and who doubts but that the democracy of the whole Union will repeat it—with a full determination to stand by the rights of the country? When the word goes forth from the constituted authorities of the nation, 'Our right to Oregon is clear and unquestionable,' who doubts that it will go through the length and breadth of the land, and that it will be hailed, as it goes, by the Democratic party with one unanimous amen? And what then? We answer this, then—the democracy of this country will stand to its word. It will not flinch. Nor will the honest, patriotic, and determind Whig flinch either.

Meanwhile, the question must come up in the next Congress. 'What shall we do in relation to our citizens in Oregon?' And we have no doubt that the patriotism of Congress will answer, in view of all the facts—recognise them—protect them—establish communication with and extend to them a participation of our own free republican government.

Other effusions from the same journal are before us, breathing the same spirit of daring and defiance. And the latest accounts from America represent a very uneasy feeling as being prevalent in the United States on the question thus fiercely revived at the seat of the general government. 'It is generally understood,' says one writer, 'that President POLK will express himself in strong terms, in his message on the opening of Congress, in favour of the justice of the American claims to the Oregon territory, accompanied with an announcement of the intention of the States *to insist on their alleged rights in all their integrity*.'

In commenting upon the warlike tone of the *Washington Union*, the London press seems unanimous, on the one hand, in deprecating an appeal to arms, seeing that the rival claims may be much more rationally adjusted by other means; and, on the other, in advocating a firm, unflinching resistance of American encroachment, even though the consequence should be to kindle the flames of war. Adverting to one assertion made by Mr. CALHOUN, in a speech delivered by him about a year ago, that 'the attempt to assert and maintain an exclusive right to the Oregon territory, against the adverse and conflicting claim of the British Government, *must prove unsuccessful*,' the *Times* exclaims—

Are we, then, to suppose that since Mr. Calhoun delivered the memorable speech to which we allude, the progress of the American democracy in this passion for territorial acquisitions has been so rapid that President Polk will actually attempt in 1846 or 1847 what the ablest and most unscrupulous statesman of the democratic party pronounced to be a hopeless undertaking in 1845? If we are to believe *The Washington Union*, such is the case; and to be consistent with this announcement, the first step of the American Cabinet must be to declare that the treaty of 1827 is in twelve months to expire. Such a measure might eventually lead to hostilities, but it would not amount in itself to a *casus belli*. Perfectly confident of the justice of the cause of England, and no less secure of the superiority of her forces on the northwest coast of America, we should then await the result with composure—still most reluctant to endanger the peace of the world, *but most ready and resolved to punish those who may presume to break it.*

The *Morning Chronicle*, after an elaborate, and, as appears to us, a most triumphant exposure of the fallacy of the arguments employed by the organ of Mr. POLK, asserts that, if persisted in, these arguments and pretexts must '*lead to the very serious necessity of war.*'

The *Observer*, whose editorial articles are usually characterised by a composure and moderation which its daily contemporaries seldom exhibit, has the following judicious remarks:—

It must be admitted that the arrival of the Message of the President of the United States is looked forward to with much anxiety in this country—an anxiety not arising from any fear of American bullying or American strength, but from an honourable disinclination to war, even when forced upon us by the necessity of defending our just rights from the grasping encroachments of an unscrupulous enemy. Should the character of the speech indicate a determination on the part of the United States Government to enforce its aggressive policy to the insult and injury of England, then will it be met with a defiance from this country, which, if common prudence have any place in American Councils, will cause the President to hesitate in his course. He ought not to have mistaken, as he seems to have done, the comparative silence of the British public on the subject of the Oregon question for apathy, still less for acquiescence; but we confidently assert *that the history of political parties in this country presents not an instance of national unanimity more decided than that which animates every statesman, every politician, every class, in fact, in the community, as to the necessity of resisting the swaggering pretensions which America substitutes for right.* The President must have marked the universal acclamation which hailed the announcement of our Ministers, in both Houses of Parliament, of their firm resolve to maintain, even by force of arms, the honour and interests of the country in this contest.

As to the preparedness of England for the last appeal of conflicting nations, the *Observer* says—

Assuredly American statesmen cannot overlook the fact that England is in a far different position now from what she was at the commencement of the late war in 1814. Then she was exhausted by the long protracted struggle against the general enemy of Europe. Now England abounds in military resources, by sea and land; the different departments were never in a state of more perfect efficiency, in all branches of the service; and *never was there a time at which she was better able to repel insult, or resist aggression.*

It was a general impression in America, that in the event of hostilites breaking out, France would take up arms in the American cause. On this head, the same judicious writer places the truth in a very clear practical point of view:—

Strange as it may appear, there are many in America who believe that, in the contest which they seem so anxious to precipitate, they would have the sympathy and co-operation of France, forgetting that such a proceeding on the part of France would involve all Europe in war, as the other Continental Powers would never permit the interference of France in a quarrel in which she could form no reasonable pretext for siding against this country. The Americans, moreover, must not look to France for aid whilst Algeria holds her under such heavy recognizances to keep the peace towards all Europe. We admit that in the breasts of a considerable section of the French people there exists a rooted hatred of this country, but the great portion of the intelligence, aye, and of the numbers also, is fully alive to the blessings of peace and to the advantages of amicable relations with England. So that, should America persist in her aggression, she will have to uphold her injustice single-handed, and destitute of foreign aid.

On our part we seek not the quarrel, neither shall we shun it should it come; but on the heads of those who provoke it be the responsibility and the guilt.

The PRESIDENT's temerity is accounted for by his supposed reliance upon being supported by the western and the southern States, which now command a majority of the Union, and which, being sheltered by their position from the immediate horrors of war, are naturally more reckless than those on the Atlantic frontier. Those States, moreover, are notoriously more bitter against England than the others; and are also less enlightened, less intellectual, less imbued with the philosophical and humanized spirit of European communities; and, consequently, more abandoned to animal impulses, more fierce, headstrong, and ferocious in their hatreds and in their resentments.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT.—BANCO SITTINGS.

FRIDAY.

BEFORE their Honors the three Judges.

THE QUEEN v. M'GREAL.

Mr. PUREFOY moved for and obtained a writ of *habeas corpus*, to bring up the body of the above named prisoner, in order that he might be admitted to bail.

[The prisoner was brought up at half-past four, when it appeared that he had been committed at Port Macquarie for horse-stealing, and no opposition being offered on the part of the Crown, the Court, after a statement of the circumstances, admitted the prisoner to bail, himself to be bound in the sum of £300, and three sureties of £100 each.]

APPLICATION IN THE MATTER OF THE GOODS OF JAMES TEGG, DECEASED.

The CHIEF JUSTICE delivered the decision of the Court with reference to this application, which their Honors were of opinion must be dismissed. The order for the letters of administration which had been granted in favour of the applicants, could not, it was decided, be regarded as conclusive, until the Prothonotary, as the Registrar of the Court, in its ecclesiastical jurisdiction, had given effect to such decree by issuing the letters of administration under the seal of the Court. It was competent, therefore, for any person having a right to come in before this was done and to enter a caveat against the granting of the letters of administration, under which caveat he could show reasons for their refusal to the party or parties applying for them; and the previous order might in effect be recalled. In the present case sufficient grounds had been shown to warrant the Court in withholding letters of administration from these applicants: at all events, until the grounds of objection disclosed by the affidavits of the opposing parties; and it would be idle to make a grant of the administration when at the next moment the Court might, and no doubt would, be asked to call it in and revoke it. As the point, however, was entirely a new one, the Court was of opinion that the application should be dismissed without costs.

WALKER AND OTHERS v. CAMPBELL AND OTHERS.

This was an action of trover, in which the plaintiffs sought, as the trustees of the insolvent estate of Robert Crawford, to recover the possession of a promissory note. The declaration contained several counts, to which the defendants had put in a number of pleas, and it was to the various replications to these pleas which had been demurred to. For the sake of convenience, however, the argument was taken upon two replications only, one being a replication *de injuria*, and the other an assertion that at the time the promissory note in question was deposited in the hands of the defendants as a security for a debt (which was alleged by the plea), the said Robert Crawford was insolvent, and the depositing of the note amounted to a fraudulent preference within the meaning of the Insolvent Act. Both of these replications were demurred to upon a great many grounds.

Mr. FISHER appeared to support the demurrer, and Mr. BROADHURST supported the replications.

After hearing the arguments of counsel, the Court reserved judgment.

JENKINS v. BOURNE.

This was an argument upon a demurrer to the plaintiff's declaration, but the case was unfinished at the time the Court rose.

Court adjourned till ten o'clock on Monday morning.

BUSINESS FOR MONDAY.

MOTIONS.—Macdonald v. Macalister, Hector v. Boydell, *rule nisi*; Regina v. Penny, *rule nisi*.

NEW TRIAL MOTIONS.—Attorney-General v. Brown, Simmons v. Kemp, Hatfield v. Alford.

NOTE.—At this sitting of the Court, the first twelve motions for new trials will be called, for the purpose of ascertaining such of them as are *bonâ fide* intended to be argued. They are as follows, viz.:—Kellie v. Mann, Turner v. Hustler, Lehane v. Pendray, O'Sullivan v. Armytage, Elyard v. Brenan, Lyons v. Elyard, Dawes v. Terry, Gregory v. Dillon, Thacker v. Jamieson. Anderson v. Pite, Charman v. Flanagan, Allen v. Eales.

ERRATUM.—In the report of Mr. Darvall's remarks, as to the case of Tulip v. King, published in yesterday's *Herald*, for "as far as the defendant was concerned there would be *an* appeal," read "as far as the defendant was concerned there would be *no* appeal."

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

INSOLVENCY PROCEEDINGS.

MEETING FOR TO-DAY.

William Barr, a single meeting, at eleven o'clock.

MEETING FOR MONDAY.

James Dea, a single meeting, at twelve o'clock.

NEW INSOLVENT.—The following estate was sequestrated on the 23rd instant:—John Nicholson, of Bathurst, gentleman. Debts—£216 19s. 4d. Assets—personal property, £15. Balance deficiency, £211 19s. 4d.—Clarke Irving, official assignee.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MR. STUBBS.—At his Mart, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, Horses, variety of Vehicles, Sugar, Rice, Teas, Soap, Ironmongery, Potatoes, &c.

MR. LLOYD.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, a Hooded Phaeton, Onions, Tobacco, Crackers, Prunes, and a variety of groceries.

MR. MORT.—At his Rooms, at 12 o'clock, Wool, Tallow, Sheepskins; a Gelding.

THE SHERIFF.—At the London Tavern, at noon, 4500 sheep.

STEAM TO ENGLAND.—The Steam Navigation Committee met yesterday, pursuant to adjournment; there was a full attendance; the Mayor occupied the chair. The draught of a report to be submitted to a public meeting was read by the Secretary, and unanimously adopted. Considerable discussions ensued relative to the number of letters passing through the General Post Office in London, to and from the Australian Colonies, New Zealand, &c., and the amount likely to be derived from this source after the establishment of mail steam-packets. The object of supplying coal from Sydney without delay to the depots projected at points on the Australian coasts was also discussed, and it was ultimately agreed to defer the consideration of the means of effecting this to the public meeting, which is fixed to take place on Tuesday, in order to enable the documents prepared by the Committee to be forwarded by the packet ship which sails on the 1st proximo.

AUSTRALIAN SUBSCRIPTION LIBRARY.—At a meeting of the proprietors of this institution, held on Thursday, five proprietors and seven subscribers were duly elected.

APPOINTMENTS.—His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint Robert Marsh Westmacott, Esq., of Woodlands, Illawarra, to be a Commissioner of Crown Lands, in the colony of New South Wales.

ELECTORAL LISTS.—BROULEE.—His Excellency the Governor has directed it to be notified, that he has appointed Messrs. Thomas Dixon, Robert James Marshall, Francis Flanagan, junior, and George H. Tapping, to assist in revising the electoral lists for the district of Broulee, at the Court of Petty Sessions to be holden at that place.

TICKETS-OF-LEAVE CANCELLED.—The following prisoners of the Crown have had their tickets-of-leave cancelled for the reasons stated against their respective names:—John Pattison, per *Waterloo*, for drunkenness and assault; Maitland Bench. Margaret Reardon, per *Whitby*, being found in a disorderly house; Hyde Park Barracks Bench. John Harrison, per *Captain Cook*, for embezzlement; Hyde Park Barracks Bench. Sarah Bryant, now Foley, per *Margaret*, for absconding; Hyde Park Barracks Bench. Ann Courtney *alias* Ryan, per *George Hibbert*, for pilfering; Hyde Park Barracks Bench. John Hopkins, per *Lord Lynedoch*, for disobedience of orders and neglect of duty; Singleton Bench. Thomas Matthews, per *Pekoe*, for being drunk and disorderly; Hyde Park Barracks Bench. John Radcliff, per *Maitland*, for being drunk and disorderly; Hyde Park Barracks Bench. Mary Anne Hamilton, per *Margaret* 3, for neglecting to support her child, and being a bad character; Hyde Park Barracks Bench. Ellen Davis, per *Lady Rowena*, being found in a disorderly house; Parramatta Bench. Purcell Ford, per *Maitland*, for being absent from his district; Hyde Park Barracks Bench. James Palmer, per *Bengal Merchant*, for being absent from his district; Scone Bench. David Thompson, per *Lord Lynedoch*, for drunkenness; Maitland Bench. Eliza Rowley, per *Planter* 2; for being absent from her district and drunkenness; Hyde Park Barracks Bench. Joseph Maher, per *Pekoe*, for being drunk and found in a disorderly house; Maitland Bench. Henry Farmer, per *Florentia*, for immoral conduct; Newcastle Bench. James Atkinson, per *Guildford* 7, for being absent from his district; Hyde Park Barracks Bench. James Flory, per *Barossa*, being unable to support himself; Penrith Bench. Thomas Pratt, per *Henry Porcher*, for cattle stealing; Murrurundi Bench. William Whitley, per *Lloyds* 1, for being absent from district and drunkenness; Parramatta Bench. John Wilding, per *Guildford*, for immoral conduct; Windsor Bench. William Kelly, per *Roslyn Castle*, being unable to support himself, from sickness; Dungog Bench. Thomas Holland, per *Elisa* 6, for stealing wheat; Maitland Bench. Robert Slocombe, per *Henry Tanner*, being found in a disorderly house; Maitland Bench. Jonathan Hart, per *Andromeda*, for disorderly conduct; Parramatta Bench. John Murphy, per *Mermaid*, being unable to support himself; Principal Superintendent of Convicts. Thomas Fox, per *Lord Lynedoch*, being unable to support himself; Singleton Bench. William Asper, per *Guildford* 8, being unable to support himself; Bathurst Bench. Henry Martin, per *Batavia*, for prevarication in giving evidence; Wollongong Bench. George Shaw, per *Woodbridge*, for drunkenness; Parramatta Bench. Samuel North, per *Mary*, being unable to support himself from ill health; Singleton Bench.

THE LATE MR. CAMPBELL.—The funeral of the late Robert Campbell, Esq., will take place at Parramatta, at eleven o'clock this morning.

SHIP LETTERS.—The following is a list of ship letters detained in the General Post Office, in consequence of ship postage required thereon not having been paid:—Accountant-General Navy, London; Trivet Allcock, Norfolk, England. Mrs. David Bunker, Nantucket, U. S. A. Monsieur Cranchard, Paris; Mrs. Cuffee, New York; Mrs. Louisa Cuthbert, London. Thomas Furness, Berks, England. Goode and Laurence, Navy Agents, London. Hallet, Robinson, and Co., Westminster, London; A. and James Hill, Old Broad-street, London. Daniel Mallon, County Tyrone, Ireland; Thomas Macy, Nantucket, U. S. A.; Mark Matthews, Cromer-street, London. Joshua Merritt, Nantucket, U. S. A.; Mrs. D. Morisan, Isle of Bute; William M'Callam, Glasgow; Henry M'Hugh, County Tyrone, Ireland. Mrs. Reynolds, Box Moor, England; Mrs. Mary Richardson, Cheltenham, England; M. Rhode, Esq., Regent-street, London; John Rostron, Esq., Launceston or London. Mrs. Sandisbury, Nantucket, U. S. A. William Thompson, 19, Queen-street, Liverpool; Denis Twomy, Cork. William Webster, Auckland; Captain Winslow, Nantucket, U. S. A.

VILLAGE OF WELLINGTON.—A site has been fixed upon for a village at Wellington, in the county of Wellington, on the Macquarie and Bell Rivers; a copy of the approved plan may be seen at the office of the Surveyor General, in Sydney, or at the Police Office, Wellington.

QUEANBEYAN.—DOGS.—His Excellency the Governor has directed it to be notified, that the provisions of the "Act for abating the nuisance occasioned by Dogs in the streets of certain Towns and on Highways in New South Wales," have been extended to the Town of Queanbeyan, in the county of Murray.

SYDNEY COVE.—Those who have business in and about the Cove and at the Custom House will be glad to hear that considerable progress has already been made in the erection of the wooden footway, from the Custom-house end of the Semi-circular Wharf to the Wharf on the opposite side of the Cove.

POLICE COURT BUSINESS—FRIDAY.—There were nine drunkards on the list—four men and one female discharged; two females sent to the cells, and two males fined eleven shillings each. On the summons list there were three cases of assault, dismissed, two of refusing to pay wages postponed, one breach of the peace, in which the defendant was bound over to keep the same, one breach of the Licensing Act, fined forty shillings and four shillings costs, one case of libel, George Brown against Charles Abercrombie, dismissed. There were twenty-six cases on the miscellaneous list: John Hunt, two charges of burglary, discharged; Anne Dunn, two charges of burglary, discharged; George Cheeke, and William Lerway, for burglary, discharged, and for another charge of the same nature committed; William Clifford, committed for trial on two charges of burglary; Alexander Moore, absconding from indented service, case dismissed; Abraham Bamfield, being illegally on a person's premises, discharged; William Johnson, for stealing a watch, and Thomas Causer, accessory to the same, both remanded till Thursday; George Innocent, on suspicion of stealing a spade, discharged; James Errington, fined ten shillings and two shillings and sixpence costs, for riding on his dray; Robert Ray, drunk and disorderly, placed in the stocks for two hours; Charles Maxfield, drunk, and assaulting a constable, fined twenty shillings and two shillings and sixpence costs; Rose Aarons, stealing two pair of shoes, committed for trial; Ellen Sullivan, for a breach of the peace, bound over to keep the same; James Collins, drunk, and assaulting a constable, fined twenty shillings and costs.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

THERE has been a fair amount of business transacted during the week, arising out of the late arrivals, for which advances have been given which will be satisfactory to shippers.

WHEAT AND FLOUR.—In these articles there is no alteration in price; of the former there is little or none for sale, but no advance need be expected over previous rates.

OILMEN'S STORES.—Nearly the whole of the late importations, which were large, have been sold at paying prices, at an excess over previous rates.

RAISINS AND CURRANTS.—There being little or none for sale of the latter, the late import sold readily at 6d. per lb., and none now remains on hand; the former rules dull, the stock on hand being large.

TEA, HYSONSKIN.—No transactions are reported, and the demands very partial; the trade are pretty well supplied. In Congos there is no alteration. For fine teas there is little demand.

COFFEE.—Some sales have been made at 5½d. per lb., and the demand is dull.

SUGAR.—This market is in a very dull state, although no material difference in price can be quoted.

B.P. RUM.—The enquiry is very limited, and scarcely any business has been done, but at the same time the very few holders will not submit to any reduction.

BRANDY.—The few holders are firm for Martell's at 6s. 6d., and Hennessey's at 6s. 3d.; other brands are now not noticed by the trade.

CASE GIN.—The whole of the late imports, which were large, found buyers at 21s. and 22s.

TOBACCO.—This market is perhaps in a duller state than for a long time past; sales have been made at 10½d. for Barrett's, and 6½d. for kegs, and a large stock remains on hand unsold.

CIGARS.—The market is nearly cleared of all Manilas, but the price is not likely to advance.

TAYLOR'S PORTER.—The late import ex *St. Vincent*, sold for £7 10s. per hogshead.

BURTON ALE.—The whole of Bass's and Allsop's has been sold at £6 15s. and £7 per hogshead.

BOTTLED ALE AND PORTER.—The sales have been extensive, nearly the whole of the late imports having found buyers at 10s. 6d. and 12s. per dozen.

SOFT GOODS.—In this market fair advances continue to be given for goods suitable for the season, woollens especially, of which the supply is small.

JOHN JOHNSON,
Broker.

Albion House, Miller's Point.

EXPORT MARKET.

WOOL has been lately dull of sale, and sales are only effected at a depreciation of from 5 to 7½ per cent. on the prices a month since. The unsettled state of the money market in England, and the prices having given way in Liverpool, in November, has induced some of the staplers to sell at a penny per pound less than they purchased at the London sales in October. The stock of wool in manufacturers' hands is, however, very light, and the English farmers having sold their clips at good prices, in the early part of the season, is a reason that a fall the other side ought not to be expected unless the money market be exceeding tight.

TALLOW is in great demand, and has reached 33s. The accounts of this article in London are very favourable, and best qualities have sold at a higher price than from any other part of the world. We regret to state, however, that stones of considerable weight have been found in some of the casks sent from this, which will have the effect of making parties look with suspicion on the article, and cause a depreciation below its real value.

HIDES are much wanted, both for home consumption and export, and from 9s. to 9s. 6d. is the price of green ones. Very few salted have been offered.

SYDNEY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—We continue to receive a fair supply, and the price may be quoted at from 6s. 9d. to 6s. per bushel.

FLOUR.—This article meets with a steady demand at £15 per ton cash, under which the millers refuse to sell.

BREAD.—The two-pound loaf of best quality is sold generally at 4d.

BRAN.—The demand is brisk, and lowest price 1s. 4d. per bushel.

BISCUIT.—No. 1, cabin, 22s.; No. 2, ship, 19s. per cwt.

HAY.—About seventy loads have paid dues, the prices have ranged from 8s. to 8s. 9d. per cwt.; the general price has been about 8s. 6d. per cwt., and likely to rise.

STRAW.—Thirty loads paid dues, the prices for which have been from 3s. to 3s. 9d. per cwt.; the general price is 70s. per ton.

FAT CATTLE.—The carcass butchers are giving from 30s. to 45s. per head, and boiling them down at a nett profit of from 15 to 27½ per cent. per head.

All other items remain as reported last week.

HOBART TOWN MARKETS, APRIL 8.—There has not been much activity in the market during the present week. The Commissariat tenders for 30,000 bushels have been taken at prices varying from 6s. 7¾d. to 7s 5d. per 100 lbs.; the average upon the whole quantity taken is about 4s. 6d. per bushel. There is a good demand for English barley, a sample or two of which has realised 5s., but we can scarcely quote this with safety as the top price. Common apples are now nearly gone, the better sorts are only left:—Wheat, from 4s. 3d. to 4s. 6d. per bushel; barley, English, 4s. 3d. to 4s. 9d. per bushel; barley, Cape, 3s. 6d. to 4s. per bushel; oats, 3s. 6d. to 4s. per bushel; maize, 3s. 6d. per bushel; tares, 12s. per bushel; grey peas, 4s. 6d. per bushel; hay, pressed, 90s. per ton: ditto, loose, 70s. per ton; straw, 20s. to 25s. per ton; best bread, 2½d. per 2 lb. loaf; inferior ditto, 2d. per 2 lb. loaf; potatoes, 60s. to 65s. per ton; carrots, 40s. per ton; eggs, 9d. to 1s. per dozen; cabbages, 6d. to 9d. per dozen; onions, 8s. to 12s. per cwt.; fowls, 2s. 6d. to 3s. per pair; ducks, 4s. to 4s. 6d. per pair; geese, 4s. each; turkeys, 5s. each; butter, 1s. 2d. per lb.; apples, 4s. to 10s. per bushel; shingles, 4s. 6d. per 1000; sawn timber, 4s. 6d. per 100 feet; posts and rails, 20s. per 100; palings, 4s. 6d. to 5s. per 100; sheoak, 7s. 6d. per ton; gum, 3s. 6d. per ton; Port Arthur coals, 15s. per ton; Sydney ditto, 30s. per ton.—*Courier.*

NEWS FROM THE INTERIOR.

(From our various Correspondents.)

WINDSOR.

PUBLICANS' LICENSES.

TUESDAY being the day appointed for granting the publicans' licenses for the district of Windsor, the magistrates met especially for the purpose. The chief constable having been ordered to inspect all the houses for which applications had been made for a license, gave in his return, and pointed out no less than eighteen, or about one-half, which were in a very disqualified and unclean state. Those persons whose houses were found disqualified were allowed a fortnight to repair, at the expiration of which time they are again to apply. We subjoin a list of the licenses granted:—

1 Thomas Freeman, St. Patrick's Hotel, George-street
2 Thomas Byrnes, Commercial Hotel, George-street
3 Edward Robinson, Plough Inn, George-st.
4 Walter Blanchard, White Hart, George-st.
5 Richard Ridge, Horse and Jockey, George-street
6 Henry Hudson, Jim Crow, Macquarie-st.
7 John Rafter, Erin go Bragh, Macquarie-st.
8 Edward Coffee, Coffee's Hotel, Thompson's-square
9 John Primrose, Bell Inn, Catherine-street
10 John Shearing, Peninsula Hotel, Court-st.
11 James Byrnes, Bird-in-Hand, Fitzgerald-st.
12 Thomas Onus, Union, Richmond
13 Margaret Seymour, Black Horse, Richmond
14 George Buckridge, Bird-in-Hand, Pitt-Town
15 John Ridge, ———, Wilberforce
16 Charles Sommers, Plough and Harrow, Windsor Road
17 William Grainger, Boxhill Inn, Boxhill.

CONFECTIONERS' LICENSE.

1 Edward Oakley, Bridge-street, Windsor

It must be admitted by every one aware of the circumstances, that the number of public-houses in Windsor is vastly too extensive for its population; about the number above enumerated is enough; we are therefore gratified at observing this attempt of the magistrates to diminish.

COMMITTAL.—Thomas Landbeck was brought before the bench on Tuesday last, charged with stealing a watch, valued at £7, the property of Mr. William Thompson, innkeeper. The circumstances were these—Thompson, about three or four months ago, was with some friends in a public-house in Windsor; there were some practical jokes passing on the occasion, and he presumed that it was then that he had lost the watch; a considerable quantity of cowhage was put down his back on the occasion, and he did not miss the watch for two or three days subsequently; he was almost mad from the effects of the cowhage, which circumstance might possibly have occasioned his not missing the watch for two days after it had been stolen; he never saw the watch since the meeting in the public-house until the other day, when it was exhibited at the window of Mr. Broderick, watchmaker, in George-street, whither it had been sent to repair. Samuel Moore, a bricklayer, (who had also been charged with stealing the watch, but since discharged,) gave evidence that about four months ago he met Landbeck in the street, when Landbeck asked him for the loan of ten shillings, and proffered a watch, the one in question, as security; Moore lent the money, and consequently got the watch, which he kept upwards of ten weeks, always expecting that the prisoner would call for it; about a month ago Moore transferred his right in the watch to another party named Davy, who it appeared had taken it to Broderick to be repaired, and where Mr. Thompson discovered it. The prisoner, in his defence, said he never attempted to sell the watch, knowing it not to be his own; he could not account for having it in his possession, and said that at the time alleged he was drinking hard, and had been for three weeks previous. The Bench fully committed him for trial.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH.—Pursuant to adjournment from Tuesday, the 14th instant, in consequence of the absence of one of the Churchwardens, the annual meeting of the parishioners of the parish of St. Matthew took place in the vestry room of the Church on Monday last, the 20th instant. The accounts of the Church for the past year were audited and ordered to be printed, and the Churchwardens for the ensuing year elected, namely—Thomas Tebbutt, Esq., (for the Trustees,) A. G. Panton, Esq., (for the clergyman,) and Mr. George Ancel, (for the parishioners.) Mr. F. Beddek, who for the last four years allowed himself to be elected by the parishioners, positively declined on the present occasion to be nominated, although urgently asked by the people and other Churchwardens to do so. His reasons for thus acting are, we believe, that he objects to the present use of the offertory, and to the clergyman preaching in the surplice. A lengthened discussion took place between those present as to the expediency or use of the offertory, and the whole of the parishioners expressed themselves opposed to the innovation. The meeting afterwards adjourned, having occupied three hours.

THE WEATHER.—We have the greatest possible gratification at stating that the long looked for rain has at length come. It commenced on the afternoon of Monday, and has continued with little intermission until Wednesday. Nothing more timely or welcome could have visited us at present; had it not occurred the district would have been absolutely ruined for the next year, as far as the grass and hay were concerned. The farmers were delayed in their ploughing operations from the want of rain, and the cattle were almost perished from the scarcity of grass; but since the descent, things are again looking upwards, and the fields begin to assume once more a green and luxuriant appearance.

LOWER MURRUMBIDGEE.

APRIL 20.—So little of interest marks the daily course of events in this semi-barbarous quarter of her Majesty's dominions, that the office of correspondent is a perfect sinecure. The all absorbing subject amongst us is the state of the atmosphere, and its probable consequences. No rain of more than half an hour's duration has fallen since December last, whilst scorching suns and parching winds have exerted their destructive influences upon both grass and water to such an extent that the result to our flocks and herds is likely to be serious to a degree beyond what our worst fears could have anticipated two months back. The little grass which, from a more favoured position the atmosphere had injured least, bush-fires have totally destroyed, and stock hereabouts is in a sad state for want of sufficient food. This has been the driest autumn we have experienced during the last seven years, and the heat of the weather for this period of the year beyond precedent. Last week hot winds prevailed, and on Saturday, the 11th it blew a perfect hurricane, the blast of which was as the fiery siroc of the desert. The effect of such weather on vegetation in this sandy country can scarce be conceived, and we watch with intense anxiety the approach of every cloud upon the horizon which appears to indicate rain; but alas! it comes not, and truly do we experience the truth of the proverb, "Hope deferred maketh the heart sick." To-day is indicative of a change, but we fear to trust to appearances which have of late so bitterly disappointed us. Every station in this quarter which depended for a supply of water upon any other source than the river, has been deserted, and the sheep are forced in upon the cattle stations, to the great injury of the latter. In fact, things are in a dreadful state here from absence of rain, and we dread the result if it does not fall shortly.

Wages are rising still in this quarter; so many new stations are being formed low down the river and towards the "Edward," and the demand for servants amongst those conducting parties in search of stations, &c., is so great, that no men are to be had that are worth employing. One hundred shepherds and watchmen would find employment in this district now.

In consequence of the long continued drought, and the little probability of a favourable seed time, wheat is rapidly rising, and the demand is great, owing to the failure of most of the crops last year.

A short time back two children belonging to a shoemaker in this neighbourhood were drowned in the Murrumbidgee; having gone to bathe, and getting too far out, the current swept them to an early and a watery grave. The unfortunate father has not long been left a widower.

A child belonging to a widow named Coloughley, (in the employment of Mr. Peter, of this neighbourhood,) was unfortunately burnt to death, the other day, having approached a fire made near the river, where its mother had been washing, its clothes ignited, and it was so fearfully burned, that though it lingered some days, death at length terminated the little sufferer's misery.

The autumn lambing, which has advanced considerably, promises to be a very bad one, as there is no feed for the production of milk, and the dams are mostly so weak that from an instinctive sense of inability to suckle their offspring, they desert them as soon as yeaned. There is little or no fat stock in this quarter, and if all the grazing districts have suffered equally with ourselves from drought, butchers' meat in Sydney will soon reach a high figure.

ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—Presuming upon your well known anxiety to publish any useful information relative to colonial produce in the columns of your valuable journal, I offer no apology for obtruding the following observations for insertion therein, which may prove useful to all parties now or about to be engaged in boiling down cattle or sheep this season.

At present there are several different modes employed in this colony to obtain the tallow in a fit state for exportation; and it is to be regretted that in but too many instances means are resorted to, not only quite inadequate for the purpose, but positively injurious in their effects upon the produce obtained. Let any one take up a London price current, and he will there see New South Wales tallow quoted at an almost endless variation of prices; whereas were proper means and care taken in its production, it would not only command the *highest* rates in the home market, but would be almost invariable in its returns (allowing of course for a very slight difference in favour of mutton over beef tallow). We cannot, however, wonder at the present *apparent* fluctuation in those returns, when we see some parties (employing the best means) boiling down with steam in closed boilers,—others again, with steam in open vats,—others, with water in common iron boilers,—and, in at least one instance, we have seen (not very far from Sydney), *salt water* is used for boiling down in common iron open boilers, with fierce naked fires! One would suppose that the last mentioned case, evincing such a lamentable degree of ignorance, would hardly be tolerated nowadays; but that such a pernicious practice does exist is an undoubted fact. And although the consequences of such culpable mismanagement will of course be felt principally by those who are so unfortunate as to ship an unmarketable article (which before it reaches England will be semi-putrid, spongy, and honeycombed throughout), it will nevertheless tend to deteriorate the character of *all* tallow sent from this colony, and render purchasers and consumers shy of taking any of our tallow. In France, and in all the well managed rendering establishments in England, all such operations are performed in *close* cylinders, where steam is employed at a pressure of from thirty to forty pounds to the inch. Upon this principle one of the most extensive and best ordered establishments near Sydney is conducted; and "the proof of the pudding being the eating thereof," the tallow prepared there last season realised 43s. 9d., while other lots ranged from 37s. to 40s. 3d. So much for difference of manufacture.

In all processes for obtaining tallow the heat ought to be applied by steam, where practicable, in vessels with closely fitting lids; and evaporating pans ought invariably to be afterwards employed to drive off the superfluous water, which will, in any method, still remain incorporated with the tallow after boiling. In cases where it is inconvenient or impracticable to use a steaming apparatus, the boilers ought to be made double (that is one inside another), the space between them being kept nearly filled with water. But in all cases where plain boiling is resorted to, the *purest* and softest water should be used, and the greatest care taken that the pans are cleaned thoroughly after every successive charge.

I will only at present add, that by subjecting the carcasses, well cut up, to steam, at high pressure, in cylinders, the owner will find himself a gainer of at least ten per cent. in quantity of tallow returned over any other method, and that in quality he will always command the very highest market price.

I am, gentlemen,
Yours obediently,
MERCATOR.

Sydney, April 24.

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 1846.

IMPOUNDINGS.

ST. AUBINS POUND, SCONE.—From Segenhoe, April 17: Red cow, white belly, branded H. off ribs and shoulder, SD JRO under off rump. Red cow, branded MD D under off ribs, ꟼ off rump. Brindle sided cow, branded PU ER under near ribs, a key brand near shoulder. Red sided cow, branded DB O over off thigh. Red sided cow, piece off off ear, piece out near ear, branded HG off shoulder, SC C over off rump. Brown bullock, white spots, no tail, branded THS ⌂ under off ribs. Red and white spotted bull calf, no brands visible, nine months old; damages 3d. each. Red steer, the coat very rough, illegible brand off rump, twelve months old. Strawberry steer, rough coat, illegible brand like C off rump. Yellow poley cow, piece out both ears, a blotched brand apparently THI I off ribs, like 1 with a bell off shoulder, like T and a bell near rump. Yellow cow, branded JH & JC under conjoined near ribs and rump, BS over BS off rump, H off shoulder, a star brand off ribs, a heifer calf by her side. Strawberry heifer calf, six months old, no brand visible; damages 3d. each. If not previously released, to be sold twenty-four days after publication. J. CLARK. 15s. 9d.

BUNGENDORE.—On the 14th April, by W. E. King, Esq., of Gidleigh, for trespass on unenclosed land: Red heifer, white on back, belly, face, and hind legs, FS rump, 2 shoulder, milking side. Yellow or light brindle cow, JB ribs milking side, a red and white heifer calf by her side, unbranded. Red bullock, white on back, belly, tail, face, and legs, WH over 2 or WN over 2 ribs, Q over 2 shoulder, off side. Also, by Messrs. T. and L. Hyland, of Long Swamp, for trespass on unenclosed land: Red bullock, white on belly and tail, the near horn broken, off horn bent backwards, LE ribs, 22 shoulder off side. Red steer, white on rump, tail, and belly, both ears marked, small horns, SL rump and thigh, like z ribs, L shoulder, off side. Red heifer, white on belly, ET rump, E shoulder, milking side. Red bull stag, down horns, white on belly and tail, R off shoulder. Red and white bullock, star on forehead, J W rump, T in square on thigh, ear marked, off side. White cow, dark brown on neck and shoulder, small horns, like a rump, HC thigh, milking side. Brindle bullock, white on belly, tail, and hind legs, small star in forehead, illegible brand off ribs and near rump. Dark red steer, stag horns, little white on belly and

tail, JD off ribs. Working bullock, light red, white on rump, belly, and tail, small star in forehead, near horn stooped, a lump on near knee, like TL rump, JP over 3 on thigh, like JPS over 27 on ribs off side. Working bullock, red, white on back, belly, tail, and face, like TL on rump, JP over 3 on thigh, like JPS over 27 on ribs off side. Black cow, white on belly and tail, lame in off fore leg, BC rump milking side, a red female calf by her side, white on back, belly, and tail, unbranded. White heifer calf, red on head, neck, and both hind quarters, unbranded. Red bullock, hoop horns, white on tail and belly, 2 on shoulder, like TW on rump, illegible brand on ribs near side. Dark red and white bullock, 2 on near rump, MB on ribs, ear marked, off side. Also, by J. Cooper, Esq., of Lake George, for trespass, on 16th February, and now re-advertised:—Red male calf, white on rump, tail, belly, and face, like WIP near rump, like 3 off shoulder. Also, by Mr. W. Scott, of Long Swamp, for trespass, on 5th March, and now re-advertised:—Red steer, white on rump, belly, and tail, branded GJ on rump, like 3 on thigh off side. Magpie working bullock, branded like HR on rump, like OH over x or GB over x on thigh, 3 on shoulder, horn broke, off side. Red and white heifer, branded JJG on ribs milking side. If not released within twenty-one days, they will be sold on the 6th May. J. Dwyer. £1 3s. 6d.

West Maitland.—From Bloomfield Swamp and Maitland, April 18: Five pigs—One black boar, near ear off; three black sows; one sandy coloured sow; damages, 2s. each. Red cow, star in forehead, white belly and tail, a white mark on near thigh, outside, branded apparently KJ over J or Y on off rump; damages, 1s. If not previously released, to be sold in twenty-four days. T. Lennam. 10s.

Liverpool.—April 13: White cow, dark red ears, branded W in circle off shoulder, CS or GS off rump, apparently IC or TC off ribs, C reversed and I or G reversed and I near rump, IRB near thigh. Red and white spotted steer, about twelve months old, branded apparently TC or TG on off ribs. Dark red bull, belly and tail partly white, point of the near off, about four years old, apparently unbranded. If not previously released, they will be sold on the 13th of May. S. Prance. 10s.

Hartley.—April 21: Blue sided cock horned cow, white back, belly, tail, and hind legs, a brand resembling O or C on near rump, about seven years old. Red and white speckled yearling heifer, an illegible brand on near thigh and ribs, twelve months old. White and red spotted steer, a brand resembling O or C on the left rump, eighteen months old; damages, 2s. each. Red heifer, freckled face, belly, back, spotted tail, branded T on the near rump, left ear marked, about four years old. If not previously released, will be sold in twenty four days after publication. J. Carr. 11s. 3d.

East Maitland.—On the 16th April, by Mrs. Mary Bolded: Brown cow, branded CW on hip, 8 on ribs milking side; damages, 2s. If not released in 24 days will be sold. H. Richardson. 9s.

Wollombi.—On the 20th April, from the estate of Mr. Bolland, for trespass:—Dark brown or bay mare, white star on the forehead, off hind foot or fetlock white, appears to be aged, saddle marks, small scar on near hind flank, about 15½ hands high, branded like ⌐ over ⌐ or ⌐ over C near shoulder; damages, 2s. 6d. If not previously released, she will be sold on the 18th May. D. Search. 9s. 6d.

Camden.—April 12: Bay entire pony, black points, 12 hands, three years old, about twelve hands high; damages, £5. Red bull, white spot on rump, about two years and a half old; damages, 4d. If not previously released, will be sold in twenty-four days after publication. T. Cahill. 9s. 3d.

Muswellbrook.—On the 18th April, from the estate of Mr. B. Carter: Chesnut mare, switch tail, two hind and off fore foot white, white blaze down the face, branded K over 81 on near shoulder, aged, fourteen hands high. If not released in twenty-one days from the above date, she will be sold. W. Myers. 9s.

Muswellbrook.—April 17: Red cow, snail horns, branded WH over O on off rump and thigh, H8 on off ribs, a male calf by her side, same brands. Red cow, branded WH over O on off rump and thigh. Strawberry steer, same brand. Brown working bullock, white on belly, down horns, branded G7 or C7 on neck near side, apparently 516 under G or C on near rump. Red and white spotted working bullock, branded like 4, under an illegible brand resembling 281 on near rump, apparently e in G or o in C on near thigh. Red bullock, white on forehead, belly, rump, and tail, branded JH on near rump and shoulder. Red bullock, top right horn, a brand resembling TJ on off ribs, an illegible brand off rump. Red and white cow, a brand resembling O over DB off rump and thigh, and illegible brand off shoulder resembling 7. Red and white steer, a brand resembling ⌐ on off rump on the fetlock brand under 44, piece off left ear. Red working bullock, branded CH or GH on off ribs, a brand resembling M INL conjoined on off rump, near horn loose and stag. Red bull calf, apparently unbranded, about months old. Black poley bullock, branded AB on off thigh, a off thigh resembling AM conjoined, piece off off ear. Dark red bullock, branded apparently JF over 6 on rump and thigh, like TE conjoined off ribs, like a ⌐ with L under off shoulder, like X)9 near rump. If not previously released they will be sold at the Pound on the 18th May. L. Bradshaw. 16s.

ENGLISH EXTRACTS.

NEW ZEALAND.

(From the Times, November 13.)

It is long since any circumstance has occurred which has created so much excitement as the affairs of England's youngest colony: they have occupied ten nights' debate during the past session of Parliament—they have covered more paper in the name of Parliamentary reports and parliamentary papers than it is believed any subject ever did before—they have produced more publications than any subject of modern times—they have occupied the universal press for a length of time back—the provincial papers have been as busy in informing their readers of what was going on as those of the capital—they have created an exclusive newspaper for their discussion.

The group consists of three islands, the extreme northern and southern points occupying a space of 1000 miles; they are placed as near as may be at our antipodes. These islands have "about 3000 miles of coast line, 2000 of which are indented by numerous harbours, more or less easy of access."—The population is very scanty, the superfices of the islands being as large as that of Great Britain, whilst, according to the opinion of Dr. Reinhold Forster (*Observations on a Voyage round the World in 1774, p. 224*), the number of the people did not exceed 100,000. Dieffenbach, enumerating the tribes and their numbers, calls them 114,800, (vol. 2, p. 83). The Rev. William Williams, on the 10th February, 1834, made them 106,000 (Lords' Report, 1838, p. 180.) Terry calculates those on the northern island and the northern shore of the middle island at 105,400. (Terry's *New Zealand*, p. 176. Halswell, the Protector of the Aborigines, in his report to the New Zealand Company, enumerating the tribes, where placed, and their numbers on the 11th November, 1841, states them as 107,219, in the Appendix, 1670, Parliamentary Report, 29th of July, 1844, being No. 556 of the session.

It is necessary to make some remarks upon this enumeration of the population. Many of them apply only to the northern island. In the middle island Governor Fitzroy writes in his despatch of the 10th December, 1844, that there are "not more than 1500 altogether." In the southern or Stewart's Island there are none, so that the account set forth is chiefly of the northern island, the population of which is so fast diminishing that Mr. Busby, the British Resident, wrote on the 16th of June, 1837,—

In this way has the depopulation of the country been going on, till district after district has become void of inhabitants: and the population is even now but a remnant of what it was in the memory of some European residents.—Parliamentary Papers, 8th of April, 1840, No.

Mr. Coates, the Secretary of the Church of England Missionary Society, was asked on the 14th of May, 1838, in the committee of the Lords:—

Have you any information from the missionaries as to the depopulation?

Answer.—Yes, the increasing depopulation of the natives is still in our information.

The opinion of the missionaries who are stationed there is that the population is wasting away.—Lords' Report, 1838, page 181.

If the references are examined which have been noted, it will be perceived, according to the tables of Dieffenbach and Halswell, that the greater part of this population is placed at the northern part of the northern island; that is the one which is fast wasting away, for causes which will be shown in the sequel; the scanty population, such as it is, is generally found on the sea coast, according to the opinion of Governor Fitzroy.—Lords' Report, 1838, p.

It may safely be assumed from all these references that, when put in comparison with the space of these islands the population is very scanty—that it little exceeds 100,000, and consequently that a greater part of the land must be in a state of waste, not only unoccupied by the human race, but which has never received the print of the foot of man, and that the population, such as it is, is in the north of the northern island. The opinions may now be given of several persons as to the natural importance of colonising these islands. The Rev. Dr. John Dunmore Lang, Principal of the Australian College, and senior minister of the Church of Scotland, of whose opinions the Governor (Grey) places great reliance, is shown by printing a letter of his at p. 233 of the second volume of his admirable work, *Journals in North-west and Western Australia*, as follows:—

Valuable as are the facilities for colonisation in South Australia as well as in New South Wales, they are not to be compared with those which New Zealand presents and affords. In one word, whatever may be the destiny of the Australian Colonies, I am confident that if colonised on right principles, New Zealand will become the Great Britain of the southern hemisphere.—*Lang's Four Letters on New Zealand*, page

And this is from the pen of a man who had been, previous to his publication, 1839—sixteen years in New South Wales, during which time he had made five voyages thence to England by way of Cape Horn.

J. Montefiore, one of the leading merchants of Sydney, after visiting New Zealand, was examined before a committee of the Lords on the 6th of April, 1838:—

I have always compared New Zealand, and still do so, to be just as Great Britain is to the rest of Europe,—the great country of that part of the world."—Lords' Report, 1838, page 60.

Captain Fitzroy was asked in the same Committee—

Are you not of opinion, taking into consideration the position of that country, and the fertility of the soil, and the salubrity of its climate, that it must grow into great importance?

Answer.—Certainly; it corresponds in that hemisphere to Great Britain in this hemisphere. It must go on holding out temptations to settlers of all descriptions; it is quite impossible it should remain in its present state.—Lords' Report, 1838, page 174.

Mr. Walter Brodie, who has been much at sea, seen most places in the Pacific, and "travelled over the greatest part of New Zealand with the view of ascertaining, among other resources available for colonisation, the natural products of the islands," says—

No spot in the world afforded so wide a field for enterprise, or offered the same combination of advantages to the English settler.

A long string of authorities might be adduced of similar opinions from those who have visited the Pacific and New Zealand; but after having quoted the foregoing, some shall be given of highly instructed persons, and whose statements must have weight in the course of time.

The Hon. Francis Baring, who has travelled through Cuba, Mexico, the United States, and Canada, was asked by the Lords' Committee—

Should not you think, considering the abundance of timber, the position of the island, the harbours, and the climate, that in all probability it will be the great seat of naval power and commercial importance in those seas?

Answer.—I have not the slightest doubt of it, if it had been originally a question of planting a colony, that it would have been very preferable to Australia or any other part of the world. It is not only preferable to Australia, but it is very important to Australia; for in case of war, the possession of it by a foreign country would be very inconvenient to us; as the best course home from New South Wales is through Cook's Straits, round Cape Horn; the wind would be more favourable for that voyage; therefore the possession of Cook's Straits is most important to us, holding as we do New Holland; and it is important as a place for ships to touch at.—Lords' Report, 1838, p. 153.

In this Mr. Baring is supported by the opinion of a most experienced and able seaman, Captain John Robertson, who had—

Been trading there about four years and a half, who had been there twice from England, and three or four times from foreign ports, from South America and Sydney, and who had entered Port Nicholson upwards of twenty times, the most part against a foul wind, and repeatedly beat in during a north-west gale at midnight against the tide, and without the advantage of the moon or a single star.—Page 209 of Minutes of Evidence, Parliamentary Report, 24th of July, 1844.

Lord Ashburton stated, at a public dinner on the 13th of February, 1841, given to Lord John Russell,—

The position of the New Zealand islands on the map, their climate, fertility, abundant harbours, surrounded with the seas most suited to the whale fisheries, and, above all, the character of the native population, led him to anticipate that these islands were likely to become the great seat of wealth and naval power,—in short, to be in the Southern Ocean what the British Isles were to the Northern.

Mr. Ward, formerly Minister to Mexico, said.—

New Zealand, the Queen of her own hemisphere, the Britain of the South, has been added to the domain of the Crown without a violence, &c—Extracted from a report of this meeting at pages 45 and 46, *New Zealand Journal* vol. 2.

Sir Robert Peel, in Parliament, the 18th of June, 1845:—

When I look to the extent of the colony of New Zealand, the line of the coast, the quantity of land capable of cultivation and improvement; when I look, above all, at its position and to the new importance which it has acquired in relation to the vicinity of China, I agree with the noble Lord John Russell, that there appears every probability that this colony, if its interests be duly regarded, and its welfare fostered, is destined to occupy a most important station in the world. Its relation with this country is most important.

And lastly, Governor Fitzroy, since his being in New Zealand, writes to Lord Stanley, on the 16th of September, 1844:—

Your Lordship may ask, is New Zealand, as a British colony, worth any great expenditure of public money? My Lord, its value is far greater than the public believe, or even your Lordship, with access to every source of information, can yet be aware. There is very much more available fertile and rich land than has been supposed—expense of clearing repaid by the first year's produce—great quantities of pasture. The climate favours every kind of production, animal as well as vegetable, in an extraordinary manner—is singularly congenial to English constitutions—mineral riches abound, their extent and variety becoming more known and better ascertained every month. Since I last wrote to your Lordship and mentioned this subject, tin has been found in this neighbourhood, close to the sea. Copper, sulphur, iron, and coal, had been previously known to be most abundant. It has been found that the flax hitherto sent home bears no comparison with a peculiar kind called by the settlers "silky flax." This is now being cultivated (though perennial, it is comparatively scarce) and promises to be a really valuable export. The improvements already made, justify us in believing that New Zealand flax will ere long be a cheap and valuable substitute for Russian hemp.

Whales are again frequenting these coasts in numbers, after having for a time almost deserted them. The valuable qualities and abundance of the timber here are well known. The natives are well inclined to labour for very small remuneration, and are anxiously seeking for improvement. There are all the means of prosperity, except capital: but that, with our mineral wealth, is sure to be found, if good feeling is kept up between the natives and Europeans, and the security of property as well as life, fully maintained. I have referred only to the commercial bearings of this grave question: the political aspect will be before your lordship's eye in England.—P. 141, Parliamentary Papers, 22nd April, 1845, No. 247 of the session.

Notwithstanding all the beforenamed facts and grave authorities in favour of New Zealand, there is yet a circumstance of paramount importance, which is as applicable to all the Australian colonies as to New Zealand, viz., the passage. The three great fields of emigration are the United States, the Anglo-North American colonies, and of late years those in the Pacific. Floating hotels, propelled by steam, make the passage to the St. Lawrence and the United States in ten or twelve days; still that has nothing to do with the passage of emigrants. The prevalence of westerly winds is such, that there is a very great difference between the passage to and from America. Then again, the climate is such, that for half the year the passage cannot be made at all north of New York. Nor is this all; the ice of the northern regions breaks off, floats southward in immense masses, and renders the seas on the north coasts of America dangerous, even as late as the month of June.

The average length of passage of emigrant ships to the British North American States, as officially returned by Mr. Bushby, is 49 days; and even the finest ships of war,—for instance, the *Warspite*, which carried out Lord Ashburton, was 47 days between Portsmouth and New York; the *Illustrious*, with Sir Charles Bagot, was 51. But then of what is composed by far the greater number of the voyages which form Mr. Bushby's average? They are the voyages from the Clyde, Liverpool, Belfast, Londonderry, Cork, and Limerick; and ships sailing from these places must make the opposite shores of the Atlantic at least ten days sooner than ships from the Thames. The average voyages of ships from England to New Zealand may be calculated at 120 days, and these are placed in comparison with the vessels from the western ports to the coasts of America.

Send vessels from these ports to any of the Australian colonies, and the average voyage would be reduced to 110 days; or, calculate the length of voyage by sailing vessels only from the Thames to the St. Lawrence and New York, 10 days at least must be added to Mr. Bushby's average. Whichever way you take it, the voyage from Britain to Australia and New Zealand cannot occupy more than double the time of that to America, and this alone is to be considered; in as far as maintaining emigrants is concerned, the advantage to the shipowner is greatly in favour of the Australian voyage,—

1. He can work all the year round.

2. He can, in going to Australia or New Zealand, receive the freight of two voyages to America with only once loading and discharging, whilst in the American voyage this must be done twice.

It is probable that at present the want of back freight for the return voyage occasions necessarily a high price of freight outwards; this, however, is mending every day; the day is not very distant when Sir R. Peel will carry his opinion out, "that the colonies should form an integral part of the British empire." Let England receive corn from the Polynesian Sea at the same duty as from Canada—give a title to the land of New Zealand to the settlers, and there will be back freights enough. All this, however, is little more than a comparative examination of the interests of shipowners between America and Australia, from which it is evident that a human being can be carried, and will be in a very short time, at rather less the double price to Australia than is paid to America. But when landed—the sea between Great Britain and America is, as it were, the first bridge,—that passed, comes the land journey, and this is generally as far west as the funds of the emigrant permits him to go. The majority of those without, and who consequently have no means to proceed inland, beg the means to return. Upon this subject the words of Mr. Buckingham in his recent work on the United States shall be quoted:—

The improvement of the condition of the emigrants themselves would be as great and as certain as that of the two countries, if they pursued a right course; and that, with good advice and proper regulations, could almost be insured at present. As soon as they land in a seaport town they are beset with as many harpies as surround the unhappy sailor when he first touches the shore, especially by the keepers of low taverns and dram shops. By them they are decoyed to their houses, made drunk under the pretext of a welcome and hospitality, their money taken from them, if they have any, and, if they have not, a debt for board and drink contracted with them. They then roam about the city in search of employment, where little or none is to be had; they become inspired with a distaste for the country, where alone a sure and certain harvest awaits them; and, like the moth which lingers around the flame until consumed by what dazzles it, they hang about the skirts of the cities and the grog shops till their poverty tempts them to crime, when they become the inmates of the poor-house or the prison, and there end their days in neglect and misery.

It is ascertained as a fact that more than one-third of the emigrants from Europe die within the first three years of their residence in this country, though they generally come out in the full vigour of life.

However inhuman, as is shown on Mr. Buckingham's authority, emigration to the United States may be, it is impossible for an English statesman not to examine the result; the miseries which are incurred arise from its being "emigration," and not "colonization," and when so many members of the united empire are ignorantly enduring so great a loss of life, as well as property, it is not very irrelevant to set forth the gain that settles itself in that infant giant state, which it is impossible to distinguish from the natural increase of its native population. No European politician can look forward to the power of the United States within the present century but with the most appalling prospects.

In 1830 a census of the people was taken, and the numbers were ..	12,000,000
In 1840 it was again taken; the numbers then were	17,000,000
In 1850, at the same rate, there will be	24,083,334
In 1860	34,118,055
In 1870	48,270,059
In 1880	68,292,184
In 1890	96,619,364
In 1900	137,102,513

Fifty-seven years is a long period in the life of a man, but very little in the life of nations. As has been already stated, great individual misery occurs in this ill-regulated haphazard system of emigration. The immigrant is fleeced under the profession of advice and assistance. To the state it makes no difference, —it is so much money imported, if in the hands of the fleecers, as much as if it had remained with the fleeced; and let it be remembered that this mass of increase arises from the residue of those who reach the far west—it counts none of the dead in the way; none who, as soon as landed on the quays of New York, beg the means of returning, which, in the year 1842, amounted to 10,000 from that port only. The limited knowledge and experience of the bulk of mankind may lead them to conclude that there is not room for such an immense population. Read what a wise man has written, before forming such an opinion, speaking of the Mississippi basin only:—

This vast extent of very fertile territory, in which rivers navigable for 3000 miles upward from the ocean hold their course, extends from the lakes of Canada on the north to the Gulf of Mexico on the south, and from the Islands of Alleghany and Cumberland Ranges on the east, to the Rocky Mountains far to the westward.

The greatest labour of Hercules, the noblest deeds recorded of man in ancient or modern history, sink to nought when compared with the doings of Brother Jonathan.

It was but as yesterday when he first stood on the highest summit of the Alleghany range, and, gazing down upon the illimitable western wilderness, boldly resolved to people the whole extent; already cities, and towns, and villages, and innumerable clearances are scattered over nearly a million of square miles. True to his purpose, Jonathan is progressing in a ratio of increase never before equalled, and in the course of a century, at the present increment, this great and most fertile field for the extension of the human race will contain a progeny exceeding the whole of the population of Europe.—*Matthew's Emigration Fields*. p. 55.

It remains to say something of the Canadas and the North American British colonies. The wisdom of a Durham—a Sydenham—a Bagot, and a Metcalf, have delayed the separation of the former from the mother country. Still, never let it be forgotten that as wise a man as any of them, and who personally knows these countries—Lord Ashburton, when bearing the proud name of Alexander Baring, when a member of the Commons, proposed offering to the Canadas their independence, declaring it better to do so without a useless expenditure of blood and treasure, and that it had better be done previous to such circumstances occurring than afterwards; that his forethought was correct there is no doubt. Lord St. Vincent, also a great authority, was to his dying hour adverse to retaining them.—See his opinions, as stated by Lord Brougham in his Public Characters, p. 41, *Edinburgh Review*, April, 1839, vol. 69; also Brenton's *Life of Lord St. Vincent*. The Canadas once independent, the other colonies would soon adopt the example, and not long after would join the Federal Government of the United States. Putting, however, political reasons on one side, all these American countries are the same in point of climate as the European Baltic. They are all existing under the scourge of a Scandinavian climate—freezing their seas and ports between four and five months out of the year—forcing shipping and trade to partake of the same torpidity that it has imposed on its vegetation.

The Polynesian seas—the ports of Australia and New Zealand are open the whole year round, and these colonies are destined, under proper management, in the course of a few years, to supply our maritime empire with all the produce which half-yearly is drawn from the Baltic, and when once colonized all the trade which now goes to these colonies will go all the year round to the Pacific, of which it may be well said that New Zealand is the Queen and the Britain of the southern hemisphere.

MEETING OF THE ROMAN CATHOLIC BISHOPS.

(From the Dublin Evening Post.)

The annual Synod of the Catholic prelates of Ireland was held on Tuesday, at the Presbytery of the Cathedral, Marlborough-street. The prelates assembled at eleven o'clock, and remained in deliberation until six o'clock in the afternoon, when they adjourned. Their lordships had another protracted sitting yesterday. The principal subject which engaged the attention of the prelates was the Academical Education Act. The following is a transcript of the proceedings on this important question, and also in reference to a State provision for the Catholic clergy. Upon this vital subject, the prelates unanimously declare that their opinions, often before promulgated, are "unchanged and unchangeable":—

The Most Rev. Dr. Crolly in the chair.

It was moved by the Most Rev. Dr. MacHale, and seconded by the Right Rev. Dr. M'Nally—

Resolved—That the archbishops and bishops of Ireland having resolved that the measure of Academic Education proposed by the government was dangerous to faith and morals, while the securities which they required for the removal of those dangers were refused by the government and the legislature, we, as guardians of the faith in Ireland, and anxious to preserve the unity of the spirit in the bonds of peace, lay before the Holy Father our former resolutions, and their application to the act in its present form, together with the grounds on which those resolutions were founded, in order that we may all receive the decision of his Holiness, and recognise the voice of Peter in the person of his successor.

Dissentient.

Because we consider that the following resolution, proposed and supported by us, is a more accurate statement of the case, and more respectful to the Holy See.

Resolved—That the Bill for Academical Education in Ireland, proposed by the British Government, together with the memorial of the assembled prelates in May last, and the bill in its amended form, be submitted to the Holy See for its consideration and decision.

† W. Crolly.
† D. Murray.
† J. Ryan.
† P. M'Gettigan.
† J. Browne (Kilmore).
† C. Denvir.

Proposed by the Right Rev. Dr. Kinsella, and seconded by the Most Rev. Dr. Crolly:—

Resolved unanimously, that our resolutions, adopted at different periods, condemning a state provision for our clergy, be now republished, in order to inform our people that our opinions on the subject are unchanged and unchangeable.

† Most Rev. M. Slattery, Chairman.
† Right Rev. V. J. O'Donnell, Secretary.

Resolved, on the 10th November, 1841, his Grace the Most Rev. Dr MacHale in the chair.

Moved by his Grace the Most Rev. Dr. Crolly, and seconded by the Right Rev. Dr. Foran:—

Resolved unanimously, that his Grace the Most Rev. Dr. Murray be requested to call a special general meeting of the prelates of all Ireland, in case that he shall have clear proof or well grounded apprehensions that the odious and alarming scheme of a state provision for the Catholic clergy of this portion of the empire shall be contemplated by the Government before our next general meeting.

† John, Archbishop of Tuam, Chairman.
† Thomas Feeney, Secretary."

At a general meeting of the archbishops and bishops of Ireland, held in the Parochial-house, Marlborough-street, the following resolution was proposed and adopted:—

Resolved—That alarmed at the report that an attempt is likely to be made during the approaching sessions of Parliament to make a state provision for the Roman Catholic clergy of Ireland, we deem it our imperative duty not to separate without recording the expression of our strongest reprobation of any such attempt, and of our unalterable determination to resist by every means in our power a measure so fraught with mischief to the independence and purity of the Catholic religion in Ireland.

† D. Murray, Chairman.
† P. Kennedy, Secretary.

At a meeting of the Catholic archbishops and bishops of Ireland, held in the Presbytery House, Marlborough-street, on the 15th day of November, 1843.

Moved by his Grace the Most Rev. Dr. Murray; seconded by his Grace the Most Rev. Dr. Slattery:

Unanimously resolved—That the resolutions of January, 1837, and of November, 1841, be now republished, in order to make known to our faithful clergy and people, and to all others concerned, that our firm determination on this subject remains unchanged, and that we unanimously pledge ourselves to resist by every influence we possess, every attempt that may be made to make any state provision for the Catholic clergy, in whatever shape or form it may be offered.

† John, Archbishop of Tuam, Chairman.
John Madden, Secretary.

The Medical Profession in France.—The Medical Congress on Saturday was occupied with the question of the expediency of having two orders of medical men, one consisting of regularly bred practitioners, giving a guarantee to society of their competency to practice, by having gone through all the required courses of lectures, and obtained their diploma in consequence, and the other of mere *officiers de-santé*, presenting no such security. After the question had been ably treated in a report from Dr. Piorry, an animated discussion ensued, the result of which was that the meeting voted, almost without a dissentient voice, for the suppression of the inferior degree in the order of practitioners. The minister of Public Instruction and the Dean of the Faculty of Medicine were present at the sitting.—*Galignani's Messenger*.

Glasgow University.—There was a full attendance of matriculated members of the university, in the Common-hall. Mr. Rutherford, the lord rector of last year, was re-elected by a majority in all the nations. The Conservative party, who opposed Mr. Rutherford at last election, did not propose any candidate. Mr. Campbell, of Monzie, was brought forward by a section of the Free Church party. The following is the state of the vote:—

	Rutherford.	Campbell.
Natio Glottiana......	43	18
Natio Loudoniana....	19	2
Natio Rothseiana	30	1
Natio Transforthana..	15	0
	107	21

—*Glasgow Post.*

Water Communication by the Mississippi and the Lakes.—Rapid as the rise of Buffalo has been, it is nothing to the great town at the other extremity of the lake, called Chicago, which in a few years, and before the people in Europe had ever heard of it, contains 30,000 people, and bids fair to be one of the most important cities of the Union. It is situate in the state of Illinois, at the bottom of Lake Michigan, and commands a very short and easy water-communication to the river Mississippi, by means of the Illinois and Michigan Canal, exactly a hundred miles long, and now in course of finishing. For, notwithstanding the bankruptcy of the State of Illinois, the London capitalists have recently advanced the requisite funds to complete the canal; which, if any canal in the world could be expected to pay, it is this. The steamers from New Orleans to the south, and from Buffalo to the north and east, meet, all but this hundred miles; so that it would have been almost an act of suicide, having gone so far with their loans, not to go a little further and endeavour to make this one work at least productive, which it is sure to be as soon as finished. So that, by the summer of next year, a person may leave New Orleans for St. Louis on the Mississippi, by steam 1800 miles—then join a smaller steamer for Peru, at the head of the Illinois river, 200 miles more—then by a packet-boat through the canal, 100 miles, to Chicago—when he goes all the way to New York by steam, 2600 miles further; making the entire distance about 4800 miles of uninterrupted water-travelling through the interior of a continent, a greater distance than exists even in India or China.—*Letters of Rubio.*

MARRIED,

On Monday, the 6th instant, at Scone, Frederick Cruckshank, Esq., of New England, to Helen, second daughter of Thomas Dixon, Esq., of Sydney.

FINE FLOUR.

ON SALE, 25 Tons first quality Flour, manufactured by the Sydney Flour Company, in lots to suit purchasers.

UNDER THE MARKET PRICE.

Apply to HENRY FERRIS,
103, York-street, Sydney.
April 24. 6615

NOW LANDING, ex *Triad*, from Hobart Town.
Hydraulic pressed oaten hay
Seed oats
Potatoes
Onions.
GEORGE THORNE,
Lower George-street.
April 25. 6595

SEED WHEAT

NOW LANDING, ex *CALYPSO*, and on sale at the stores of the undersigned—
200 Bushels of Van Diemen's Land Seed Wheat.
A sample superior to anything of the kind now in the market.
R. CAMPBELL,
6369 Bligh-street.

POTATOES FROM VAN DIEMEN'S LAND.

THE Schooner *John* has just arrived with a cargo of Potatoes from the Van Diemen's Land Company, of the usual superior quality. They will be sold in quantities to suit the trade and other purchasers.

Early application is necessary, either on board, at Dalgarno's Wharf, (late Grose's); or, at the General Stores of
GEORGE SMALL,
Opposite the Bank of Australasia.
April 22. 6616

FOR SALE at the stores of the Undersigned, the cargo of the *Giraffe*,
CONSISTING OF .—
Hysonskin teas
Congous
Fine teas
Manila coffee
No. 4 superior Manila cigars
Floor matting, 4, 5, and 6 quarter
R. CAMPBELL,
Bligh-street.
April 21. 6441

DRAPERY GOODS, AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

TO DRAPERS, STOREKEEPERS, DEALERS, BUYERS FOR NEW ZEALAND AND THE NEIGHBOURING COLONIES, &C.

THE Undersigned have on hand, and for sale, ex late arrivals—
8-4, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4, 12 4, and 13-4, Witney blankets
7-4, 8-4, and 9-4, Gentian and scarlet wool shawls
6-4 fine Indigo blue pilot cloths
3-4 drab, fawn, sky, and crimson moreens
3 4 ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto damasks
Scarlet and blue serge and baize shirts
6 4 coloured and black merinos
Assorted worsted and wool tartans
9-4, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4, bleached cotton sheets
6-4 figured and shaded merinos
Dark printed and checked cashmere shawls
Assorted silk gimps, cords, and fringes
Men's grey and white lambs half hose
6-4 coloured and black Orleans cloths
Printed cashmere and de laine dresses
Jacconet, cambric, mull, and book muslins
Superfine 4-4 Irish linens and 5-8 lawns
Men's and youths' superior regatta shirts
Women's black cashmere and worsted hose
30, 32, 34, and 36 inch white super shirtings
Assorted cambric and lawn handkerchiefs
6-4 fine cross over and figured alpaccas
Indiana bordered shawls and turnovers
Fine dark rainbow dahlia prints
Rich alpacha checked dresses
Assorted white quilts and counterpanes
30, 32, 34, 36, and 40 inch stout grey domestics
27, 30, and 33 inch stout cotton ticing
Dark and light Victoria checked plaids
Stout blue Derrys, Bengals, and Chambreys
Assorted printed cotton handkerchiefs
Printed silk and spun corahs
Men's white jean and cantoon jackets
Ditto white, marbled, and brown cotton socks
9-8 striped prints and regatta shirtings
Women's white and black cotton hose
30, 33, and 36 inch fine white long cloths
Rich Indiana long shawls and scarfs
33 and 36 inch Scotch tweeld jean stripes
7-8, 9-8, and 5-4, stout navy blue and white prints
Infants' long and short worked robes
Men's No. 2, 3, 5, and 6, white longcloth shirts
6-4, 7-4, 8-4, and 10-4, bleached linen damask
100 and 200 yards white and black reel cotton
Men's assorted drab and white moleskin trousers
Waterproof capes, cushions, gun covers, hoods, bags &c.
30, 33, and 36 inch stout white Wigan shirting
7-8 and 9-8 dark and light plate prints
Tape and elastic dress checked muslins
72 inch stout bleached and grey sheetings
3-4 brown and bleached linen ducks
33 and 36 inch stout Derby dowlas
7-8, 9-8, and 5-4 stout navy blue and yellow prints
Checked and striped Earleston ginghams
Assorted coloured counterpanes and diaper rugs
36 inch fine watertwist shirting
Hemp woolpacks and bleached canvas
Green, white, and amber lenos
Children's assorted worsted boots
Men's white and striped worsted frocks
3-4, 7-8, and 4-4 bird's eye linen diaper
Assorted drab and white moleskins
3-4 and 6-4 stout Union Tweeds
Fine dark and Maddar cambric prints
Assorted Lancashire flannels
Men's black and drab fine stuff hats
Ladies' black beaver riding hats
54, 87, and 96 bleached tweeld sheetings
Brocade check and hair-cord muslins
Coloured and white rolled jacconets
28, 30, 33, and 36 inch bleached Scotch shirtings
Children's assorted worsted and cotton socks
Stout linen and cotton apron checks
Shewy striped Regatta shirts, for the Islands
7-8 dark and light fancy prints
Assorted bleached and brown huckabacks
Men's cotton and Indiarubber braces
34, 36, and 38 inch stout crossover stripes
9-8 printed muslin dresses and robes
7-8 and 9-8 two blues navy prints
Assorted linen and cotton tapes, black and white
Window hollands and bleached domestics
Linen threads, assorted colours and numbers
5-8 crash and 10-4 bleached linen sheeting
Assorted damask tablecloths and napkins
Serge, kersey, plaiding, and lambskin drawers
Men's blue pilot cloth trousers
Women's coloured Angola hose
Men's stout striped cotton shirts
7-8 black and white cambric prints
Assorted bleached and brown diaper towels
6-4 coloured and black Coburgh cloths
Men's assorted lambswool and flannel shirts
Children's grey and white lambswool socks
Printed, Lama, and fancy shawls and handkerchiefs
9 4, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4 fine Summer quilts
Plain satin and sarsnet ribbons
4-4 rough and dressed brown hollands
Bleached linen drills and navy ducks
Assorted haberdashery
Scotch cambric and book muslin

LIKEWISE,

Copper boiler bottoms
,, ,, plates
,, Rivets
,, Bolts
,, Sheathing nails and pump tacks
,, Cress for water balls
Brass screws
,, Sheet and wire
,, Tube
,, Butt hinges
,, Ball cocks
,, House bells and cranks
,, Cot swings
Bleached canvas, assorted Nos.
Cake saltpetre, and saltpetre solder
Paints assorted
White lead, best
Oil butts, Gordon's best
Patent and bolt rope, assorted
Hawse pipes, assorted
Sheet lead and lead pipe
Rosin for ship builders and soap boilers
Composition plate for engravers
Pitch in barrels

ALSO,

Mattocks and picks
Stump bedsteads and Swedish iron
Stafford bar iron
Candlewick, assorted
Lampwick, patent
Sheep ear-markers
Rivet butt hinges and parliament
Sheep bells and B.M. teapots
Stair rods and eyes, and musket flints
Chest and cupboard locks
Japanned trays and bread baskets
Black lead, Mexican
Patent coffee and teapots
Patent candlesticks
Lamp shade and solar lamp chimneys
Bird fountains, and Prince's wines
Bird boxes and nipple shells
Saddlery and cutlery, in cases and casks, assorted
Cooper's hammers and drivers
Corrosive sublimate
Tobacco pipes
Parchment, quills, and sealing-wax
Roman cement
Letter clips and silver watches
Watch-guards and gentlemen's rings
Chain pins and brooches
Multum in parvo and wafer stamps
Wafer seals, and pens and pencils
Toilet soap and washing soda
Woolpacks and soda ash
Sherry, port, and Tarragona wine, in pipes hogsheads, tierces, and quarter-casks
Yellow deals and red battens
New Zealand staves
Cape raisins, in tin boxes
Muscatels, in quarters, halves, and boxes
Figs, in quarter-drums, and Zante currants
Jordan almonds, in boxes and barrels
Amboyna cloves, in small mats
Manila sugars
Liverpool soap, in small boxes
Drugs and chemicals, a large assortment
Earthenware, assorted.
ROWAND, MACNAB, AND CO.,
Circular Wharf.
April 23. 6624

EX "HONDURAS," "ST. VINCENT," &c., &c.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN SPERM CANDLES; SULTANA, Muscatel, and Turkey Raisins, Patras Currants, TURKEY FIGS, Jordan Almonds, Jamaica and Barbadoes Ginger, Pearl Sago, Fine Patna RICE, Maccaroni and Vermicelli; SIR HANS SLOANE'S CHOCOLATE, FRY'S COCOA, and SOLUBLE COCOA in packets; FINE PICKED ISINGLASS, Italian Juice, Carraway Seeds, INDIA CURRY POWDER, and PASTE, Robinsons' Patent Groats, Superior No. 3 Cigars, &c., &c., &c.

ALSO,
One Case FINE TURKEY SPONGE
One Hundred and Fifty Cases GENUINE EAU DE COLOGNE.
On sale by
AMBROSE FOSS,
6439 313, Pitt street North.

OILMEN'S STORES, &c.

NOW landing, ex *Honduras* and *St. Vincent*, and on sale at the Stores of the undersigned:—
Coleman's mustard, in 3 and 6 dozen cases
Hesketh, Davis, and Co.'s ditto, 3 and 6 ditto ditto
Jabor's ditto, 2 and 3 ditto ditto
Batty's ditto, 2 and 4 ditto ditto
Batty's pickles, in 2 dozen cases
Ditto assorted bottled fruit, 2 dozen cases
Ditto fancy jars, jams, and jellies
Ditto assorted sauces, 2 dozen cases
Jabor's castor oil, in quart, pint, and half-pint bottles
30 Half barrels Lochfine herrings.
ROBERT COVENY,
102, Market-street.
April 24. 6581

ON SALE AT THE WAREHOUSE OF THE UNDERSIGNED.

THE Cargo of the brig *Sarah*, from China and Manila, consisting of—
Congou tea in chests and half chests,
White and coloured matting
Sugar
Manila wool lashing
Coffee
Empty sugar mats
ALSO,
Kangaroo skins
Three bales isinglass
HENRY MOORE,
North Kent-street,
March 11. 2423

EX "HONDURAS."

CAROLINA RICE in barrels
Italian juice in cases
Carraway and coriander seeds, in casks
Pearl sago, in chests
Barbadoes ginger, in barrels
Sir Hans Sloane's chocolate
White's cocoa
The scarcity of the above articles in the market renders early application necessary.
ROBERT PORTER.
City Tea Exchange. 6397

FOR SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned—
English turpentine
Superior "London" glue
White and red lead
Bluestone and copperas
Boxestin ("Pontypool")
English and Colonial horseshoes
Sash weights, 5 to 10 lbs.
Steelyards, common and improved, and patent
Butchers' courses, 2 to 15 lbs.
Coopers' rivets, "all sizes"
Rope mats, No. 1 to 8
T. WOOLLEY,
430, George-street.
Iron Yard, King-street. 6472

BANK SHARES.

FOR Sale by Private Contract, Shares in the Bank of New South Wales and the Commercial Bank. Apply to T. Agars, Kent-street North. 6372

FOR SALE, or to LET, for the ensuing season, the high-caste Arab
SIR HENRY,
late the property of the Governor-General of India, just imported per *Orwell*.

Sir Henry was purchased for 3000 rupees, and sent round from Bombay for the Governor-General's use; is a blood bay, with black points, five years old, 14 hands 3½ inches high, and a model of power and symmetry. He was forwarded with five other first-rate horses from Calcutta, by C. Bury, Esq., B.C.S., and is parted with from the successful issue of the shipment having provided his proprietor with more stallions than are sufficient for his stud.

Sir Henry may be seen at Mr. T. Jones's Livery Stables, Hunter-street; and further particulars may be obtained on application to the undersigned, addressed, post-paid, to Belford, Hunter's River.

N.B.—This horse will remain in Sydney fourteen days from this date, after which he will be removed to the Hunter.
R. B. DAWSON.
Sydney, April 18. 6315

WOOL, HIDES, AND TALLOW.

THE Undersigned are commissioned to purchase Wool, Hides, Tallow, and Horns, for which they will give the highest market price.
JOUBERT AND MURPHY
Sydney, April 24. 6541

ADVANCES ON PRODUCE.

ADVANCES made by the undersigned on Wool, Tallow, or other produce, consigned to Messrs. Lyall, Brothers, and Co., London.
6498 LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO.

WOOL AND SHEEPSKINS.

THE Undersigned are cash purchasers of washed and unwashed wools and sheepskins.
6549 J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO.

THE Undersigned will advance on wool, tallow, and other produce, consigned to their friends in London, Messrs. John Gore and Co.
GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO.
Spring-street, August 18. 2558

THE UNDERSIGNED will purchase, for cash, colonial produce, or make advances on the same consigned to Mr. Robert Brooks, London.
R. TOWNS.
December 11. 2922

IN THE ESTATE OF ISAAC HUDSON, LATE OF FIVE DOCK QUARRY COTTAGE, IN THE COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, GENTLEMAN, DECEASED.

WHEREAS, the Will of the abovenamed deceased was on the 18th instant, duly proved by us the Executors therein named and appointed: We therefore require all persons having claims against the estate of the said Isaac Hudson to furnish the particulars and nature thereof to Mr. Randolph Nott, of No. 522, George street, and we further hereby require all who are indebted to the said estate to pay the amount of their debts to the said Randolph Nott, and by whom all debts due by the said deceased will be liquidated.

Dated this 21st day of April, A.D., 1846.
Thomas Faux,
James Dawson,
Randolph Nott,
Executors to the said Estate.
R. J. Want,
Proctor for the said Executors. 6426

NOTICE.

THE Creditors of Mr. Charles Wright are requested to meet at the William the Fourth Tavern, Pitt-street, opposite the Theatre, at eleven o'clock this morning.
6585 CHARLES WRIGHT.

TO PIETER LAURENTZ CAMPBELL, FORMERLY OF SYDNEY, IN THE COLONY OF NEW SOUTH WALES, ESQUIRE, OR TO HIS HEIRS, EXECUTORS, ADMINISTRATORS, OR ASSIGNS.

PURSUANT to an Indenture of Release by way of mortgage, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty, between the said Pieter Laurentz Campbell of the one part, and Robert Scott, then of Glendon, in the said Colony, Esquire, (since deceased), of the other part, and which indenture contains a power of sale of the hereditaments therein comprised, and described on the part of the said Robert Scott, his executors, administrators, and assigns, upon or at any time after the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, in case default should then have been made in payment of the moneys thereby secured.

Take notice, that I, the sole executor, devisee, and heir-at-law, of the said Robert Scott, now deceased, intend to exercise the said power of sale at or after the expiration of three months from the date hereof.—Dated this twenty-fifth day of April, 1846.
HELENUS SCOTT,
Per Holden, Chambers, and M'Carthy,
6573 Solicitors, King-street, Sydney.

I, THE UNDERSIGNED, WILLIAM REDMAN, of No. 130, Liverpool-street, in the City of Sydney, Gentleman, and formerly under articles of Clerkship to William Minithorpe, of George-street, in the said City, Gentleman, one, &c., and lately serving under an assignment of such articles to William Gaskell, of Jamison-street, in the said City, Gentleman, one, &c., do hereby give notice that I intend on the last day of this present term (being the 2nd term in the present year), to apply to the Supreme Court of New South Wales, to be admitted an Attorney, Solicitor, and Proctor thereof.—Dated this twenty-third day of April, A. D. 1846.
6576 WILLIAM REDMAN.

NOTICE.

ALL parties are hereby cautioned against trusting the Crew of the American Ship *Ocean*, as no debts will be paid by the Master or Agent. 6582

NOTICE is hereby given, that after this date any cattle, sheep, or horses, found trespassing on the estate of T. A. Murray, Esq., at Lake George, will be impounded; and no drivers of teams will be suffered to encamp on any part of the property but the large flat near Collector.
Lake George, April 21. 6570

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS will be received for the erection and completion of a dwelling-house, &c., (or John Gilchrist, Esq., on a portion of the Elizabeth Bay Estate, Darlinghurst. The plans and specifications may be seen at the Office of James Hume, of King-street, Architect, to whom Tenders are to be addressed, on or before Tuesday, at noon, the 12th day of May ensuing.
JAMES HUME.
113, King-street. 6152

SHEEP ON TERMS.

TO SETTLERS IN THE MIDDLE DISTRICT.

WANTED by a Settler, having a splendid Sheep Run, 100 miles from Melbourne, Port Phillip, 4000 to 5000 clean Sheep on terms (halves) for three years. Address C. L., Post Office, Melbourne, Port Phillip. 6418

WANTED, a six-roomed House, exclusive of the basement story, for six months certain, from the 1st June next; Elizabeth-street would be preferred, otherwise Fort-street or Upper George-street, if commanding a view of the Harbour. Address, C. S., Post Office, Parramatta, post paid. 6569

WANTED, immediately, a team of Horses or Bullocks to proceed to Wellington Valley. Apply at the office of Messrs. J. L. Montefiore and Co., Spring-street. 6579

TO DRAPERS.

TWO ASSISTANTS required. Application made between the hours of nine and ten A.M.
JOSEPH THOMPSON AND SON.
6344

FREE PASSAGE TO NEW ZEALAND.

WANTED a man to proceed in charge of stock to New Zealand, who will be liberally paid.
M. E. MURNIN,
6529 Reiby Cottage.

A SHOEING SMITH.

WANTED, a good Tradesman in the above line of business; one of sober habits and perfect in his calling will meet with constant employment and liberal wages, on application to Mr John Holden, White and Black Smith, George-street, Windsor.
Windsor April 22. 6583

COOK and Laundress wanted. They must produce unexceptionable characters. Apply to
MRS. KELLIE,
6548 Potts's Point, Darlinghurst.

HOUSEKEEPER.

WANTED, by a Lady, who has been accustomed to the management of Servants for the last eighteen years. All letters post-paid to A. B., *Herald* Office.
6574

WANTED, a situation as Superintendent or Overseer of a sheep or cattle station. The advertiser has been five years in the colony, and can produce good recommendations. For further particulars apply, if by letter post paid, to A. B., Post Office, Bungandore.
April 17. 6585

WANTED, a situation as Storekeeper or overseer, by a middle-aged man, either in town or country. The most respectable reference can be given. Letters, post paid, addressed to A. K., *Herald* Office, shall be attended to. 6572

LOST, FROM INGEBYRA,

£2 REWARD.

A BLACK HORSE, branded SH on near shoulder, rather blotched, blaze face, snip on left nostril, near eye rather walled, about 15 hands high, short switch tail. Whoever will deliver the same at Mr. Brodribb's, Maneroo; or Mr. Gardiner, Queanbeyan, shall receive the above reward.
5942

ONE POUND REWARD.

LOST, from Frogmore Estate, near Penrith, one iron grey Filly, with black points, long tail, unbroken, rising three years old, branded JWN under the saddle on the near side. Any person delivering the same to John Shares, Overseer, at Frogmore, will receive the above reward.
Sydney, April 20. 6370

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.

LOST, on Wednesday afternoon, a large white and black Newfoundland Dog, answering to the name of Nelson; when lost he had a brass collar with the number 162 in raised brass figures, about an inch in length. Whoever has found and will return the Dog to the office of Messrs. J. L. Montefiore and Co., Spring-street, will receive the above reward. 6589

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1517889

TO LET.

A STORE, capable of containing 500 tons merchandise, situate in Jamison-lane. Rent moderate.

Apply to

JOHN STIRLING,
Grocer,
6093 559, George-street.

TO LET,

A NEWLY built Stone Store, containing basement and two upper stories, 26 x 54 feet, with or without a large office. It has a direct communication with Lower George-street and with the head of Sydney Cove, by a private suffrance Wharf. Application to be made at the stores of M. Hopkins, Ship Chandler, Queen's Wharf.

Also, store room for six hundred tons of goods, and several small stores, cellars, and offices to let, on very moderate terms. 768

HOUSES IN ARGYLE-STREET.

TO LET, that very commodious House situate at the corner of Argyle and Kent streets, containing ten rooms, besides good offices in basement, private yard, and back entrance.

The above house has been occupied for several years past as a public house and lodging house, for which purposes it is very eligibly situated.

ALSO,

Two houses adjoining the above, in Argyle-street, having the same accommodation as the corner house, and particularly suitable for shops, lodging houses, &c. The whole are now in complete repair, and fit for immediate occupation.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Loan Company, 555, George-street. 1296

TO BE LET, with immediate possession, the House in Cumberland-place, adjoining the residence of the undersigned; it has lately been enlarged, and is fit for a family of respectability, and has an uninterrupted view of the harbour.

Likewise to be let, with possession on the 1st June, the estate of Adderton, near Parramatta, formerly the property of Captain Moffitt, and now occupied by Mrs. Gunton.

Apply to Mr. Young, Cumberland-place, Sydney; or at the Sheriff's Office.

April 24. 6596

TO LET, that old-established and well-known public-house, lately occupied by Mr. William Tavenor, and recently by Mrs. Avery, known by the sign of the Bay Horse, on the Parramatta-road. References to be made to William Stephenson, Square and Compass, George-street, Sydney. 6578

TO LET,

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION,

THAT beautifully situated Cottage Ornee, Ickwell, on the North Shore, (three minutes' walk from the ferry,) now occupied by Mr. James Curtiss, and well adapted for a genteel family. For further particulars apply on the premises. A private bath attached. 6580

TO BE LET,

AT BANKS' MEADOW, BOTANY,

A FARM of one hundred and thirty Acres, with dwelling-house, detached kitchen, store, stables, &c., and enclosed paddocks complete.

The greater part of the Land is rich alluvial soil, with abundance of water in all seasons.

Enquire of

MR. J. C. PHELPS,
Insurance Office,
George-street.

Sydney, March 24. 5021

TO LET, a Farm, forty miles from Sydney, containing one hundred (100) acres, with a comfortable Cottage and Out-houses, and a large garden. For further particulars apply to Mr. Browne, at Mr. Lynd's Quarters, Military Barracks, Sydney. 6474

TO LET,

AN EXCELLENT DWELLING-HOUSE and premises, situate in George-street, Windsor, immediately opposite the office of F. Beddek, Esq., and now in the occupation of the proprietress, Mrs. Thomas Dargin, containing on the ground floor two large parlours, three bedrooms, with spacious hall. Second floor—a splendid ballroom 45 by 18 feet, two good bedrooms with commodious balcony, commanding a picturesque view of the River Hawkesbury and surrounding district. Attic story—two good bedrooms. Outbuildings, consisting of a very commodious butcher's shop fronting George-street, store room, kitchen, servant's room, laundry, bake-house, boiling house, five-stalled stable, coach-house, two close boxes for entire horses, and lofts above, a brick and shingled shed 50 feet long, together with a good-sized kitchen garden.

The above premises are in a thorough state of repair. Possession will be given on or before the 1st day of July next. For further particulars as to rent, terms, &c., apply on the premises, or, if by letter, to be post-paid, to Mrs. Dargin, or F. Beddek, Esq., solicitor, Windsor.

Windsor, April 16. 6299

WOLLONGONG.

TO LET, THE MARINE HOTEL.

THIS House has been built as an hotel of the first character; it contains twenty rooms, with tap, stabling, garden, and paddock.

Apply to Mr. Smith, next door to the Post Office. 4627

TO BE LET,

THE Estate of Cader-Idris, containing 1000 acres of land, well watered, and is an excellent run for sheep or cattle; immediate possession given. For particulars, apply to Mr. M. Blucher, No. 5, Erskine-street, Sydney. 6590

SALES BY AUCTION.

PINE APPLE CHEESE,

TOBACCO, CRACKERS, PRUNES, SALAD OIL, &c.

TO GROCERS, GENERAL DEALERS, &c.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, City Mart, 474, George-street,

THIS DAY,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

6 Cases pine apple cheese
1 Keg tobacco, out of bond
10 Kegs American crackers
6 Cases Prunes
3 Ditto salad oil
2 Boxes tea
1 Case maccaroni
4 Chests hysonskin tea
1 Cask canary seed
1 Ditto paper weights

With a variety of other Groceries, &c., &c.

Terms at sale 6612

ONIONS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, City Mart, 474, George street,

THIS DAY,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

Fifty bags, more or less, Globe Onions.

Without Reserve.

Terms at sale. 6610

DEALS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, City Mart, on

TUESDAY, 28TH INSTANT,

At 11 o'clock precisely,

369 YELLOW DEALS.

Terms at sale. 6613

HOODED PHAETON.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, City Mart, 474, George-street,

THIS DAY,

At 11 o'clock precisely,

One HOODED PHAETON, with lamps, fittings, &c., and in good repair.

Terms at sale. 6611

SATURDAY'S USUAL PRODUCE SALE.

WOOL, TALLOW, & SHEEPSKINS.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

THIS DAY, 25TH APRIL,

At twelve o'clock,

22 BALES WOOL
7 tons beef tallow
3 tons mutton tallow
2 bales sheepskins

Terms—Cash. 6631

DARK BROWN GELDING.

MR. MORT

Will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

THIS DAY, 25TH APRIL,

At half-past twelve o'clock,

A DARK BROWN GELDING, black points, sixteen and a half hands, four years off, warranted sound, quiet, and free from vice, broken to saddle and harness.

Terms—Cash. 6627

UNAVOIDABLY POSTPONED UNTIL TUESDAY, 28TH APRIL.

EXTENSIVE UNRESERVED SALE OF JEWELLERY, GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, REGULATOR &c., &c., &c.

TO CLOSE CONSIGNMENTS.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

ON TUESDAY, 28TH APRIL,

At 11 o'clock,

AN Invoice of splendid Jewellery, consisting of—

Gold and silver watches
Ladies' gold neckchains
Gold and silver watch guards, curbs, and fancy patterns
Ladies and gentlemen's rings
Gold earrings and brooches
Lockets and eye glasses
Seals and keys
&c., &c., &c.

ALSO,

A first-rate clock regulator.

Terms at sale. 6682

CHRONOMETER.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on

TUESDAY, APRIL 28TH,

At 11 o'clock,

AN EIGHT-DAY CHRONOMETER, by James Hatton, London.

Terms at sale. 6638

FOOLSCAP PAPER AND ENVELOPES.

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.

MR. MORT

Will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on

TUESDAY, 28TH APRIL,

At eleven o'clock,

T.S. & Co.

23 38 REAMS FOOLSCAP PAPER
13,000 Envelopes, assorted
24. 36 Reams Foolscap Paper
25. 36 Ditto ditto

Terms at sale. 6628

5282 CHOICE SHEEP.

WARRANTED CLEAN, AND NEVER TO HAVE BEEN DISEASED.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on

THURSDAY, 30TH APRIL,

At twelve o'clock,

THE FOLLOWING LOT of choice Sheep, viz.:—

1125 Ewes, all ages
1010 Maiden ewes
490 Female lambs
657 Male ditto
2000 Wethers, all ages

5282

The above sheep are now running at the Logan River, Moreton Bay; are warranted clean, and never to have been diseased; ewes to lamb the latter end of August.

Terms at sale. 6629

VERY SELECT HERD OF DAIRY COWS,
IMPORTED DEVON BULL AND HEIFER,
19 HEAD HORSE STOCK, PIGS, &c.
DRAYS, CARTS, &c.
FARMING IMPLEMENTS, DAIRY UTENSILS,
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANO.

MR. MORT

Has received instructions from CAPTAIN FORBES, J.P.

In consequence of his leaving for the Interior, to sell by public auction, on the Farm known as

"VERMONT," BRINGELLY,

At eleven o'clock,

ON MONDAY, THE 4TH MAY,

ALL the valuable breed of Choice Dairy Cattle, principally selected from the well-known stock of G. A. Kemp, Esq., of Camberfield,

Pure bred imported Devon Bull
Ditto ditto Cow, with Bull Calf
Pure bred Devon Heifer and Heifer Calf
19 Head of Horse Stock
Drays, Carts, Farming Implements, &c.
Household Furniture of every description,—comprising four-post bedsteads and furniture, cheffoniers, chairs, carpet, wardrobe, card tables, sideboard, chests drawers, iron bedsteads, book-case, hat-stands, dining tables, glass, kitchen utensils, garden roller, garden implements, &c., &c., &c.

P.S.—Full particulars, with Catalogue, will be procurable at the Rooms of the Auctioneer in a few days. 6680

ONE HOGSHEAD ASSORTED TWINE.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street, on

TUESDAY, 28TH APRIL,

At half-past ten o'clock precisely,

One hogshead, containing—

Tow, flax, and whitet wine, whipcord, chalk lines, &c., &c.

Terms—Cash. 6604

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

EIGHT hogsheads assorted Brushware, comprising every article in demand, to be sold by public auction, by

MR. R. FAWCETT,

ON TUESDAY, 28TH APRIL, 1846.

Particulars in a future advertisement. 6549

JUST LANDED, EX "HONDURAS"

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street, on

MONDAY, 27TH APRIL,

At half-past ten o'clock precisely,

One case coloured fancy cotton velvets
One " rich printed cachmeres, new styles
One " " M. de laines
Three " fancy and black and white prints
Two " whited-brown, drab, black, and all coloured linen thread
One " white shirts, linen fronts and collars
Two bales heavy striped shirts
Two cases Thames and fancy Regatta shirts
One " men's cotton and India-rubber braces
One " men's woollen hosiery
One " women's white and black cotton and black worsted hosiery
One " children's Grecian boots, worsted garters, &c
One " rich style printed cotton handkerchiefs
One bale 4 4 Forfars
One " cotton tick

Terms at sale. 6607

SUPERIOR COLOURED SATTEEN STAYS.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street, on

MONDAY, 27TH APRIL,

At half-past ten o'clock precisely,

One case ladies' very superior coloured satteen French cut stays

Terms—Cash. 6606

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.

BY DIRECTION OF THE IMPORTERS—TO CLOSE SHIPMENTS.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street, on

MONDAY, 27TH APRIL,

At half-past ten o'clock precisely,

One bale 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4 white counterpanes
Two " 8 4, 9 4, and 10-4 coloured rugs
One case coloured linings
Two bales white shirtings
One case assorted silesias
One " jaconet and cambric muslins
One " moleskin shooting coats
One " " trousers
One bale blue navy jackets
One " 10-4 Witney blankets
Two " 8-4 ditto
Two " 7-4 ditto

Terms—Cash. 6605

MONDAY, 27TH APRIL.



ARAB STALLION

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, BY MR. SAMUEL LYONS,

At his Mart,

ON MONDAY, 27TH INSTANT,

At 11 o'clock precisely,

THE PURE ARABIAN HORSE "SHEIKH."

In offering this beautiful specimen of the purest caste of Arabian horses to public competition, Mr. Lyons cannot avoid expressing his great satisfaction at seeing this breed re-introduced into the colony.

The horses of Australia once deservedly bore the highest character for beauty and endurance under privation, which was to be attributed to their descent from the Arabian, and the salubrity of our climate.

The late exports to India have given breeders a severe lesson that sour-headed horses will not suit that market, and scarcely has a horse of Arabian extraction been sent there that has not given a very handsome return.

Mr. Lyons invites the breeders to an examination of "SHEIKH," and feels convinced that good judges will perceive that he is particularly well suited to improve the horse-stock of this colony, so as to suit INDIA—the only paying market.

*** "SHEIKH" stands at Mr. Armstrong's Repository, where he can be seen till the sale.

Terms at sale. 6264

MONDAY, 27TH APRIL.

SUPERIOR ARAB HORSE AND ARAB MARE.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place,

ON MONDAY, 27TH APRIL,

At Eleven o'clock,

After the sale of the Arab horse "Sheikh,"

A VERY SUPERIOR ARAB HORSE,

AND

AN ARAB MARE, NEARLY PURE BREED.

They are both flea-bitten greys, and most perfect animals of their kind, broken in to saddle, and the Mare is one of the finest lady's mares in the colony, splendid action, and perfectly quiet.

The only reason the owner has for parting with the entire horse is his wishing to have a change of blood.

Terms at sale. 6598

THURSDAY, 30TH APRIL.

400 HEAD SUPERIOR BRED CATTLE,

WITH STATION NEAR TWOFOLD BAY.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, by order of the attorneys, Henry Armitage, A. B. Smith, and William Brassnell, Esquires, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place, on

THURSDAY, 30TH APRIL,

At eleven o'clock,

The following superior Herd of Cattle, consisting of

400 HEAD, MORE OR LESS,

(all calves under six months given in,) now running at the Stockyard run, near

TWOFOLD BAY,

Lately belonging to Messrs. Hirst and Buckley;

Together with the Right of Station and Improvements, viz.—

An excellent overseer's hut, with garden attached
Men's hut
Stockyard

AND

Two Stock Horses

Terms at Sale. 5861

THURSDAY, 30TH APRIL.

1600 HEAD OF SUPERIOR CATTLE, WITH STATION AT SNOWY RIVER.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, by order of the Attorneys, Henry Armitage, A. B. Smith, and William Brassnell, Esquires, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place,

ON THURSDAY, 30TH APRIL,

At 11 o'clock,

The very superior mixed Herd of Cattle, consisting of

1600 HEAD MORE OR LESS,

(All calves under six months given in,)

Now running at Snowy River,

Lately belonging to Messrs. Hirst and Buckley,

TOGETHER WITH

THE RIGHT OF STATION AND IMPROVEMENTS.

The Improvements are—

A Good Verandah Cottage with Garden and Kitchen Garden
Three Paddocks, well fenced
2 Huts, wool-shed or barn, new stock-yard
2 Stock Horses

Terms at sale. 5860

CONTINUATION OF SALE.

WITHOUT RESERVE.

FORTY-THREE BALES AND CASES OF SUPERIOR DRAPERY GOODS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

HAS received instructions from R. Towns, Esq., to sell by auction, at his Rooms, on

TUESDAY NEXT, THE 24TH APRIL,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

The remainder of his choice assortment of Drapery Goods, consisting of the undermentioned articles:—

Rich fancy shawls
Ditto ditto scarfs
Ditto ditto ball dresses
Ditto ditto de laine ditto
White and black cotton hosiery
Grey lambs' wool ditto
Merino vests and drawers
Children's cotton socks
Silk and thread gloves
White and coloured stays
Ditto cotton braces
India-rubber ditto
Black and coloured silk handkerchiefs
Printed cotton ditto
Black and coloured merinos
Rough and dressed hollands
Diapers and huckabacks
8-4 to 10-4 damasks
A large assortment of table linen
White quilts and counterpanes
9-4 to 12-4 blankets
9-4 to 11-4 diaper rugs
7-4 to 9-4 linen sheeting
8-4 to 10-4 cotton ditto
Lancashire flannel
Welch and merino ditto
White and regatta shirts
Striped shirts
Moleskin trousers
White and drab moleskins
Linen and cotton ticking
Cotton and linen checks
Shirtings and longcloths
Book, jaconet, and check muslin
A large assortment of Haberdashery

AND

Lace goods.

Mr. Newton, in calling the attention of the trade to this unreserved sale, feels confident that the high character of Captain Towns's goods will insure a large attendance. This being the last lot, and a regular clear out, great bargains are sure to be met with.

Terms at sale. 6621

EXTENSIVE SALE.

SUPERIOR CHINA BREAKFAST, TEA, AND COFFEE SERVICES.

TO CLOSE VARIOUS CONSIGNMENTS, AND POSITIVELY WITHOUT ANY RESERVE,

To Private Families, Hotel Keepers, Earthenware Dealers, and Others.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions from the proprietor, Mr. R. M. Robey, to sell by public auction, at his stores, George-street, near King-street, on

THURSDAY NEXT, APRIL 30TH, 1846,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

TO CLOSE VARIOUS ACCOUNTS, AND POSITIVELY WITHOUT ANY RESERVE,

About "seventy sets" superior china breakfast, coffee, and tea services, both in plain and very handsome patterns, viz.:

White and gold, ground laid borders, in buff, green, blue, and drab, richly gilt, together with patterns in enamel, coloured Japan, painted flowers, scenery, &c.

In directing the particular attention of private families and others to this important sale, the auctioneer begs to notify, that every facility will be given by the proprietor as to packing, &c., the sale being on the premises. An opportunity like the present should not be lost sight of, and is not likely to occur again, the assortment being the most superb ever submitted to public competition.

ON VIEW THE DAY PREVIOUS TO THE DAY OF SALE.

Terms at sale. 6614

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION.

TWO FARMS AT ILLAWARRA, AND ONE AT DAPTO,

IN ALL

925 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE COUNTY OF CAMDEN.

BY MR. BLACKMAN,

At his Rooms, 489, George-street, Sydney,

ON TUESDAY, THE 5TH MAY, 1846,

At twelve o'clock precisely,

By order of the Grantee,

THE Undermentioned valuable Farms, in the fertile and populous district of Illawarra, affording an excellent opportunity to persons desirous of securing a

FREEHOLD PROPERTY,

in this highly favoured district known as the

GARDEN OF THE COLONY.

LOT No. 1.

SIXTY-SEVEN ACRES, as per DEED OF GRANT

LOT No. 2.

FIFTY-TWO ACRES, as per DEED OF GRANT

LOT No. 3, DAPTO.

ONE HUNDRED AND SIX ACRES, as per DEED OF GRANT.

Terms and conditions at time of sale. 6625

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION

ALL THAT HOUSE AND PREMISES LATELY IN THE OCCUPATION OF MR. PEATE, SITUATED OPPOSITE

ST. ANDREW'S CATHEDRAL,

GEORGE-STREET,

CITY OF SYDNEY,

TITLE—GRANT FROM THE CROWN.

BY MR. BLACKMAN, at his Rooms, 489, George-street, Sydney, on

TUESDAY, THE 5TH MAY,

At twelve o'clock precisely,

BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEE UNDER THE WILL OF THE LATE MR. ROBERT HUDSON.

This property is situated in the best part of GEORGE-STREET,

and appears to be almost the last chance that can offer itself to persons desirous of investing their money to the best advantage in this unrivalled part of the CITY, which from its extent and position is admirably adapted for business of any kind, especially a first-rate Hotel.

Described in deed of grant from the Crown as—

"All that piece or parcel of land, containing "by admeasurement 17 perches, be the "same more or less, situate, lying, and "being, in the town of Sydney, parish of "Saint Lawrence, allotment No. 12 of "section No. 18, bounded on the west "by

GEORGE-STREET,

"bearing south 3 degrees 46 minutes east "47 links; on the south by allotment "No. 13, bearing east 2 degrees, north "203 links; on the east by Nos. 6 and 7 "allotments, bearing north 1 degree 30 "minutes, west 56 links; and on the "north by No. 11 allotment, bearing west "4 degrees, south 161 links, and west 8 "degrees 30 minutes south 43 links;—"*Together with all that House and out-"buildings lately in the occupation of Mr. "Peate.*

TERMS.—25 per cent. cash deposit on the fall of the hammer, and the residue of the purchase money at three and six months from the day of sale, with security upon the property if required.

Further particulars may be had on application at the office of George Cooper Turner, Esq., Solicitor to the Trustee, George-street, Sydney; or at the office of the Auctioneer. 6489

SATURDAY'S SALE.

MR. STUBBS will sell by auction, at the Mart, King-street,

THIS DAY,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

Four excellent saddle horses
Three ditto carriage ditto
Two ditto cart ditto
One very good phaeton
One ditto jaunting car
One ditto chariot
Two second-hand gigs

PRIOR TO WHICH,

The whole of the Furniture, amongst which —viz.:—

One elegant secretary and bookcase
One smaller ditto
Bedsteads, tables, sofas, chests drawers
Chairs, sideboards, &c.

Also, the usual assortment of general merchandise.

Terms, cash. 6602

SATURDAY'S SALE.

TO GROCERS, PRIVATE FAMILIES, GENERAL DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. STUBBS will sell by auction, at the Mart, King-street,

THIS DAY,

At eleven o'clock,

20 Tons fine family sugar
2 Ditto brown ditto ditto
13 Tons clean table rice
A few boxes soap
Ditto chests tea
&c., &c., &c.

Terms—Cash. 6501

SATURDAY'S SALE.

EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF PRIVATE FAMILIES AND DEALERS.

TWO HUNDRED BAGS OF VERY FINE POTATOES.

Ex Martha and Elizabeth.

MR. STUBBS will sell by public auction, at the Mart, King street,

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, 25TH APRIL,

At twelve o'clock precisely,

200 Bags superior potatoes, in lots to suit Private Families, Hotel Keepers, &c.

Terms—Cash. 6599

SATURDAY'S SALE.

TO IRONMONGERS, BUILDERS, GENERAL DEALERS AND OTHERS.

MR. STUBBS will sell by auction, at the Mart, King-street,

THIS DAY,

At eleven o'clock,

POSITIVELY WITHOUT RESERVE, TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS.

The whole of the remainder of a large invoice, consisting of—

Mortice, rim, dead, and plate locks
Castors, iron squares
Manger chains, sash pullies
Brass and bronzed door knockers
Bell springs, roasting jacks
Mortice and other chisels, caulking irons
Mincing knives, table knives and forks
Pocket knives and scissors
Kegs nails, varnish, brushes, lamps
Telescopes, axes, hoes, measures, fenders
Brass rings, fowling pieces, rifle pieces
&c., &c., &c.

Terms at sale. 6600

TUESDAY, 28TH APRIL.

THE GREAT OBSTRUCTION, BOURKE-STREET,

ADJOINING

MR. PLOMER'S NEW HOUSE,

SURRY HILLS.

MR. STUBBS is instructed by the proprietor

MR. CHARLES MORRIS,

to sell by public auction, on

TUESDAY NEXT, THE 28TH APRIL,

Immediately after the sale of

MR. RAPER'S HOUSES AND PROPERTY,

All that extraordinary Allotment of Land in Bourke-street, which has so long excited the public authorities.

It is now to be sold to the highest bidder, and some wealthy citizen, who would appreciate the honour of having his name immortalised in the Archives of the City Council, ought really to come forward and make the City a present of it

TITLE UNEXCEPTIONABLE.

Terms—25 per cent cash deposit, and the residue at three months, without interest 6539

TUESDAY, 28TH APRIL.

OPPOSITE NOBBS'S GARDENS.

ANOTHER GOOD INVESTMENT OF

SYDNEY PROPERTY.

SURRY HILLS, BETWEEN

MR. BLACK'S GARDEN

AND

MR. TOOGOOD'S PROPERTY,

AND JOINING

MR. WILSHIRE'S ESTATE.

Consisting of Two Stone Houses with Verandah, and Fourteen Building Allotments for poor people; or the whole will be disposed of in one lot, by way of a bargain.

MR. STUBBS is instructed by the Proprietor to sell by public auction, on

TUESDAY, THE 28TH APRIL,

At the Mart, King street,

At twelve o'clock precisely,

A FREEHOLD ESTATE, (as per Plan, by Mr. Surveyor Bemi, now on view at the Mart) and upon the following Terms, viz.:—

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. CASH DEPOSIT, AND THE RESIDUE AT THREE AND SIX MONTHS, WITHOUT INTEREST.

The Series of Allotments have been judiciously subdivided by Mr. Bemi, with the view to accommodate the pockets of the poorer classes of people who may be employed in and about

THE NEW MILITARY BARRACKS

AND

DARLINGHURST.

On Lot No. 15 will be found, two very neat Verandah Stone Houses, containing four rooms each, with neat trellis work in front, now let to two respectable tenants at Twelve Shillings per week, or £31 4s. per annum.

Title—Grant from the Crown. 6024

WATERSIDE PROPERTY,

WITH AN EASTERN ASPECT AND FINE VIEWS DOWN THE HARBOUR,

AT THE FERRY, BALMAIN.

MR. STUBBS is instructed to sell by public auction, at the Mart, King-street.

ON WEDNESDAY NEXT, THE 29TH DAY OF APRIL, 1846,

At twelve o'clock precisely,

(To be knocked down to the highest bidder,)

All that valuable portion of the Balmain Estate situate between Messrs. William Piper's and Woodall's Property, with frontage to

DARLING HARBOUR,

and a small House erected thereon.

NOTE.—This Allotment is included in the privilege granted by Her Majesty's Colonial Government to the proprietors of Property at Balmain, to run out their wharves to high water mark, and commands the most interesting views of the whole City and its beautiful environs.

It is a very pretty spot for a residence, very healthy, and well sheltered from the westerly winds, and good angling off the wharf.

Title unincumbered, at the Mart.

Terms.—Half Cash, and the residue on the completion of the Title Deeds. 6432

PEREMPTORY AUCTION AND ABSOLUTE SALE,

BY

MR. STUBBS,

OF

ALL THOSE SELECT

BUILDING ALLOTMENTS,

ADJOINING

THE RESIDENCE

OF THE

RIGHT WORSHIPFUL THE MAYOR.

(By particular request.)

ON THE GROUND,

CITY ROAD,

ON MONDAY, THE 27TH APRIL, 1846.

At twelve o'clock precisely,

WHEN a Marquee and Refreshments will be provided by the proprietor for the comfort of the company.

An unusually favourable opportunity is thus presented to parties wishing to erect

THEIR OWN HOUSES;

and who would appreciate the independence of living in a situation

FREE FROM TAXES.

with good water and garden land.

Terms made known at the sale.

Title—first rate,

For description and view see plan at the Mart. 6252

HOUSE PROPERTY,

Producing £52 per annum.

AIRY!!! HEALTHY, AND PLEASANT!!!

PARADISE-PLACE, SYDNEY.

CONSISTING OF

FOUR HOUSES,

ADJOINING

MR. JOHN TERRY HUGHES'S GARDEN GROUNDS,

ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH.

MR. STUBBS is instructed by the Proprietor to sell by public auction, at his Mart, King-street, on

TUESDAY, 28TH DAY OF APRIL,

At twelve o'clock precisely,

All that pleasant Terrace known as

PARADISE-PLACE, SYDNEY,

COMPRISING

A SOUND SUBSTANTIAL RANGE

OF

FOUR HOUSES,

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4.

NOTE.—Each house has one front parlour, one back kitchen, and two rooms above.

They are built upon a gentle elevation, only a few yards from Mr. Hughes's mansion; and the *summum bonum* of the sale will be that the poorest man in Sydney will be enabled to purchase only one, if he wants it, as they will be sold consecutively, and without reserve.

The title is first-rate, and the plan can be seen at the Mart.

The terms will be liberal. 6025

TUESDAY, 26TH MAY, 1846.

LANGLAND'S,

APPROACHING CLARENCE TOWN AND SEAHAM.

The Productive Agricultural and Pastoral Estate of

LANGLAND'S,"

COMPRISING A PRINCELY FRONT OF

1,500 ACRES,

BOUNDED ON THE EAST BY THE "WILLIAM'S," ON WHICH IT COMMANDS

TWO MILES NAVIGABLE WATER FRONTAGE,

BESIDES TWO

TRIBUTARY STREAMS.

WHICH COME FROM THE WESTWARD AND DISEMBOGUE THEIR CONTENTS IN THE RIVER.

MR. STUBBS is much gratified in being selected to offer to public auction, at the Auction Mart, King-street,

ON TUESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF MAY, 1846,

At 12 o'clock,

An Estate which it may be safely affirmed will not yield to any other in the country. It is in fact one of the most delightful Properties throughout the entire colony, and the great difficulty that presents itself to the auctioneer is to do it justice without exciting the envy of the neighbourhood.

"LANGLAND'S" is situated in the County of Durham, the constituency of which is represented by their popular member Richard Windeyer, Esq. It is noticed in the parish of Affington, equi-distant between the two towns of Seaham and Clarence Town, and stands unrivalled throughout the district, its natural beauty and outline will not be attempted to describe, because it must be seen, or it cannot be appreciated.

Viewing it prospectively, its influence upon future elections may be anticipated by its present list of tenants and embryo income.

VIZ.:—

(500 ACRE PADDOCK,)

Part let to Messrs. Miller, Lloyd, and Milton, at £67 per annum
" (Small farm) to Mr. M'Cormack, at .... £85 per annum
" " to Mr. Amblin, at £30 per annum
" " to Mr. Keik, at £16 per annum
On the falling in of their clearing leases —
" " to Mr. Creary, at £25 per annum
" " to Mr. Cavenagh, at ... ... £25 per annum

Leaving an independent domain of upwards of

1000 ACRE

To be similarly appropriated and disposed o by way of income.

AS A HOMESTEAD,

Nothing can be more gratifying to the taste and pretensions of a man of rank than the possession of such an estate. It is full of health and resources, and the scenery is everywhere most beautiful, and of great extent.

The river winds through a splendid country, the banks of which are covered with all kind of foliage in endless variety of shades, and its belts with a succession of agricultural farms and gentlemen's seats, such as you sometimes meet with in the West of England.

ADDITIONAL MEMORANDA.

It has been suggested to the Proprietor, by the Surveyor, that the "Langland's Estate" might be safely divided into three separate independent Landed Properties, as follows:

All having extensive water frontages { Lot 1. 420 acres, more or less; Lot 2. 620 " " " "; Lot 3. 460 " " " "

Full particulars of each may be ascertained at the Mart, and their natural boundaries.

Title—Grant from the Crown.

TERMS—Twenty-five per cent. cash deposit, and the residue at three, six, nine, and twelve months, without interest.

Immediate possession. 5295

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

MAWSON v. KEMBLE AND ANOTHER.

ON SATURDAY, (this day), the twenty-fifth of April, at noon, at the London Tavern, in George-street, Sydney, the Sheriff will cause to be sold, by public auction, under and by virtue of the authority to him given by the Act of the Governor and Legislative Council, 5 Victoria, No. 9, all the right, title, and interest, of the above named defendants in and to 4500 sheep, more or less, at present depasturing at Dartbrook, in the district of Scone, under the care of Mr. Henry Coxen, unless this execution be previously satisfied.

CORNELIUS PROUT,
Under Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sydney,
March 19. 4521

SYDNEY PRICE CURRENT.

IMPORTS.

		£ s. d.
PROVISIONS.		
Irish Beef	Per tierce	None.
Mess Pork	Prime Irish, per brl.	4 10 0
	Hamburgh	None.
Mess Beef	Per tierce	None.
Ham	English, per lb.	None.
	Westphalia	None.
Butter	Irish, per lb.	None.
	Dutch	None.
Cheese	Cheshire, per lb.	Superseded by Colonial
	Glo'ster	Superseded by Colonial
	Pine	Superseded by Colonial
	Dutch	Superseded by Colonial
Herrings	Red	None.
	Pickled, per brl.	None.
SPIRITS.		
Rum	15 to 20 O.P., per gall.	[illegible]
	6 to 10 O.P.	[illegible]
	1 to 5 O.P.	[illegible]
	Under proof	[illegible]
	Bengal	[illegible]
Brandy	Cognac	[illegible]
	Spanish	[illegible]
Hollands	In wood (pale)	[illegible]
	Tinged	[illegible]
Gin	4 gallon cases	[illegible]
	Half cases	[illegible]
Whiskey	Per gallon	None.
Arrack	Ditto	None.
Cherry Brandy (pints) per dozen		Nominal
WINES.		
Sherry	In wood, per hhd. £10 to	15 0 0
	Botld., per doz. 10s. 6d. to	[illegible]
Port	In wood, per hhd. £10 to	20 0 0
	Bottled, per doz. 14s. to	1 [illegible]
Claret	In wood, per hhd.	None.
	Bottle, per doz. 10s. to	1 0 0
Madeira		None.
Teneriffe	In wood, per pipe	16 0 0
Marsala	Ditto	17 0 0
Cape	Company's brand	None.
	Other brands	10 0 0
Champagne, per dozen, .. 18s. to		2 10 0
BEER.		
Porter	Taylor's, per hhd.	7 10 0
	Other Brewers'	None.
Ale	Allsop's	None.
	Ind and Smith's	None.
	Bass's	None.
	Dunbar's, bottle, per doz.	0 12 0
	Byass's	0 12 0
	Allsopp's	0 12 0
SUGARS.		
English	Refined, per lb.	None.
Mauritius	First quality, per ton	Nominal
	Second quality	Nominal
Manila	First quality	Nominal
	Second quality	Nominal
Bourbon	First quality	None.
	Second quality	None.
Java		None.
Siam		None.
FRUITS.		
Currants	Zante, per lb.	[illegible]
Raisins	Muscatel	0 0 7
	Smyrna	[illegible]
	Cape	None
Cape Dried Fruit, assorted		None
Prunes		None
Figs		None
Almonds	Jordan	[illegible]
	Shell	[illegible]
TEA AND COFFEE.		
Hysonskin, per chest		[illegible]
Gunpowder, per box		[illegible]
Congou	per chest	[illegible]
Souchong, per box		1 15 0
Pekoe	per chest	None.
Coffee	Manila, per lb.	[illegible]
	Java	[illegible]
GRAIN AND MEAL.		
Rice	Patna, per bag	[illegible]
Wheat	Derwent, per bushel	[illegible]
Oatmeal	Per lb.	
Flour	American, per barrel	
TOBACCO.		
Negrohead (American) per lb.		Nominal
Cavendish	Ditto	Nominal
Cigars	Havannah, per 1000	[illegible]
	Manila	[illegible]
CANDLES.		
English	Moulds, per lb.	None.
	Sperm	[illegible]
	Wax	[illegible]
American	Sperm	[illegible]
East India	Wax	None.
METALS.		
Iron	Assorted, per ton	10 0 0
Copper	Sheathing, per lb.	0 1 [illegible]
Zinc	Rolled, per ton	42 0 0
Lead	Ditto	25 0 0
Tin Plates	Assorted	Nominal
Shot	Assorted	[illegible]
SUNDRIES.		
Iron	Hoop, per ton	10 0 0
	Pig	5 0 0
Rope	Assorted, per cwt.	[illegible]
	Manila	None.
	Coir	None.
Canvas	Bleached, per bolt	[illegible]
Turpentine, per gallon		[illegible]
Paint Oil, per gallon		[illegible]
White Lead, ground, in kegs, per cwt.		1 16 0
Black Paint, per cwt.		[illegible]
Green	Ditto ditto	2 0 0
Tar	Riga, per barrel	None.
	American	None.
	Coal	None.
Pitch	per barrel	[illegible]
Oil Shooks, white oak, for pipes, per ton		Nominal
	For barrels	Nominal
Deal Plank, Norway, per foot		Nominal.
	American	None.
Gunpowder, blasting, per lb.		[illegible]
	Cannister	[illegible]
	Glass	[illegible]
Cement	Roman, per barrel	Nominal
Oil	Olive, per dozen, quarts	[illegible]
Peas	Split, per bushel	0 11 0
Hops	English, per lb.	None.
	American	None.
Barley	Pearl, per cwt.	None.
Vinegar	Malt, per gallon	[illegible]
Mace	Per lb.	[illegible]
Nutmegs		None.
Cloves		[illegible]
Fruits	Bottled, per dozen	0 17 0
Mustard	Pounds, per dozen	[illegible]
	Half-pounds	0 12 0
Pickles	Quarts, per dozen	0 19 0
	Pints	0 12 0
Salt	Liverpool, per ton	Nominal
	Rock	Nominal
	Basket, per dozen	[illegible]
	Colonial, per ton	Nominal
Soap	Hawes', per ton	None.
	Liverpool	[illegible]
Blue	Per lb.	[illegible]
Starch	Ditto	None.
Soda	Per ton	Nominal

EXPORTS.

Wool	Choice flocks, per lb.	Nominal
	Good ordinary	Nominal
	Broken	Nominal
	In grease	Nominal
Oil	Sperm, per ton	None.
	Black	None.
Whalebone, per ton		[illegible]
Hides	Each	[illegible]
Horns	Per 123	[illegible]
Tips	Per 123	[illegible]
Tallow	Per ton .... £23 to	[illegible]
Treenails	Per S. M.	[illegible]
Cedar	Good quality, per foot	[illegible]
Wheat	Per bushel	[illegible]
Flour	First, per cwt.	[illegible]
	Second	[illegible]
Beef	Per tierce	[illegible]
Cheese	Per lb.	[illegible]
Butter	Per lb.	[illegible]
Coal	Per ton (at the Pits)	[illegible]

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